Document 24

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Case 5:07-cv-04497-JF

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Plaintiffs, DOLORES MANDRIGUES, JUANITA JONES, AL F. MINYEN and WILMA R. MINYEN, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated allege as follows:

I.

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action pursuant to the Truth in Lending Act ("TILA"), 15 U.S.C. §1601, et seq., California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"), Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq., and other statutory and common law in effect. Plaintiffs DOLORES MANDRIGUES, JUANITA JONES, AL F. MINYEN and WILMA R. MINYEN, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, bring this action against WORLD SAVINGS, INC., WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, WACHOVIA MORTGAGE CORPORATION, and DOES 1-10 (collectively "Defendants"), based, in part, on Defendants' failure to clearly and conspicuously disclose to Plaintiffs and the Class Members, in Defendants Option Adjustable Rate Mortgage ("ARM") loan documents, and in the required Truth In Lending Disclosure Statements ("TILDS"), accompanying the loans, (i) the actual interest rate on which the payment amounts listed in the TILDS are based (12 C.F.R. § 226.17 (c)); (ii) that making the payments according to the payment schedule listed in the TILDS will result in negative amortization and that the principal balance will increase (12 C.F.R. § 226.19); and (iii) that the payment amounts listed on the TILDS are insufficient to pay both principle and interest.

II.

THE PARTIES

2. Plaintiff, DOLORES MANDRIGUES is, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, was an individual residing in Milpitas, California. On or about August 4, 2006, Plaintiff MANDRIGUES refinanced her existing home loan and entered into an Option ARM loan agreement with Defendants. The Option ARM loan was secured by Plaintiff's primary residence. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of the Note and the Truth In Lending Act Disclosure Statement (hereafter "TILDS") pertinent to this action.

- 3. Plaintiff, JUANITA JONES is, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, was an individual residing in Los Angeles, California. On or about January 9, 2007, Plaintiff JONES refinanced her existing home loan and entered into an Option ARM loan agreement with Defendants. The Option ARM loan was secured by Plaintiff's primary residence. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of the Note and TILDS pertinent to this action.
- 4. Plaintiffs, AL F. MINYEN and MILDRED R. MINYEN are, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, were individuals residing in San Pablo, California. On or about May 25, 2005, Mr. and Mrs. Minyen entered into an Option ARM loan agreement with Defendants. However, Defendants did not provide Mr. and Mrs. Minyen with a copy of their loan documents, including but not limited to a copy of, the Note, the TILDS, and the notice of right to rescind until December 20, 2007. The Option ARM loan was secured by Plaintiffs' primary residence. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of the Note, TILDS and Loan Program Disclosure that Defendants produced, through their counsel, on December 20, 2007.
- 5. Plaintiffs, MARK CLAUSON and CHRISTINA CLAUSON are, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, were individuals residing in Santee, California. On or about June 24, 2005, Mr. and Mrs. Clauson refinanced their existing home loan and entered into an Option ARM loan agreement with Defendants. The Option ARM loan was secured by Plaintiffs' primary residence. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of the Note and the Truth In Lending Act Disclosure Statement (hereafter "TILDS") pertinent to this action.
- 6. Plaintiffs, DOLORES MANDRIGUES, JUANITA JONES, AL F. MINYEN and WILMA R. MINYEN, MARK CLAUSON and CHRISTINA CLAUSON, and members of the putative Class or classes shall hereinafter be referred to collectively as "Plaintiffs."
- 7. Defendant WORLD SAVINGS, INC. is a California corporation licensed to do, and is doing business in California. At all relevant times hereto, WORLD SAVINGS, INC., was and is engaged in the business of promoting, marketing, distributing and selling the Option Arm loans that are the subject of this Complaint. WORLD SAVINGS, INC. transacts business in Santa Clara County, California and at all relevant times promoted, distributed, and sold the Option Arm loans that are the subject of this Complaint throughout the United States, including Santa Clara County, California.

WORLD SAVINGS, INC. has significant contacts with Santa Clara County, California, and the activities complained of herein occurred, in whole or in part, in Santa Clara County, California.

- 8. Defendant, WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, was and is a business organization form unknown. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB is a corporation; that Defendant WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB is a partnership; and that Defendant, WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, is a division of Defendant, WORLD SAVINGS, INC.
- 9. Defendant, WACHOVIA MORTGAGE CORPORATION ("WACHOVIA"), is a North Carolina corporation licensed to do, and is doing business in California. At all relevant times hereto WACHOVIA was and is engaged in the business of promoting, marketing, distributing and selling the Option Arm loans that are the subject of this Complaint. WACHOVIA transacts business in Santa Clara County, California and at all relevant times promoted, distributed, and sold the Option Arm loans throughout the United States, including Santa Clara County, California. WACHOVIA has significant contacts with Santa Clara County, California, and the activities complained of herein occurred, in whole or in part, in Santa Clara County, California.
- 10. Defendants, WORLD SAVINGS, INC., WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, WACHOVIA MORTGAGE CORPORATION, and DOES 1 through 10, shall hereinafter be referred to collectively as "Defendants."
- 11. At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, were engaged in the business of promoting, marketing, distributing, and selling the Option Arm loans that are the subject of this Complaint, throughout the United States, including Santa Clara County, California.
- 12. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that each and all of the aforementioned Defendants are responsible in some manner, either by act or omission, strict liability, fraud, deceit, fraudulent concealment, negligence, respondent superior, breach of contract or otherwise, for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Plaintiffs' injuries, as herein alleged, were proximately caused by the conduct of Defendants.
- 13. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that at all times material hereto and mentioned herein, each of the Defendants (both named and DOE defendants) sued herein were the agent, servant, employer, joint venturer, partner, division, owner, subsidiary, alias, assignee and/or alter-

ego of each of the remaining Defendants and were at all times acting within the purpose and scope of such agency, servitude, joint venture, division, ownership, subsidiary, alias, assignment, alter-ego, partnership or employment and with the authority, consent, approval and ratification of each remaining Defendant.

- 14. At all times herein mentioned, each Defendant was the co-conspirator, agent, servant, employee, assignee and/or joint venturer of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said conspiracy, agency, employment, assignment and/or joint venture and with the permission and consent of each of the other Defendants.
- 15. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Defendants, and each of them, are, and at all material times relevant to this Complaint, performed the acts alleged herein and/or otherwise conducted business in California. Defendants, and each of them, are corporations or other business entities, form unknown, have, and are doing business in this judicial district.
- 16. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, are securitized trusts, equity funds, collateralized debt obligations (CDO), CDO underwriters, CDO trustees, hedge funds or other entities that acted as additional lenders, loan originators and/or are assignees to the loans which are the subject of this action. Plaintiffs will seek leave of Court to replace the fictitious names of these entities with their true names when they are discovered by Plaintiffs herein.
- 17. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiffs at this time, and Plaintiffs therefore sue said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs allege, on information and belief, that each Doe defendant is responsible for the actions herein alleged. Plaintiffs will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint when the names of said Doe defendants have been ascertained.
- 18. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that at all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, including without limitation those Defendants herein sued as DOES, were acting in concert or participation with each other, or were joint participants and collaborators in the acts complained of, and were the agents or employees of the others in doing the acts complained of herein, each and all of them acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment by the others, each and all of them acting in concert one with the other and all together.

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III.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 19. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 15 U.S.C § 1601 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 20. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties in this action by the fact that Defendants are either individuals who reside in this District within California or are corporations duly licenced to do business in California.
- 21. Venue is proper within this District and Division pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) because a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district, and because there is personal jurisdiction in this district over the named Defendant because it regularly conducts business in this judicial district.

IV.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 22. WORLD SAVINGS, INC., WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB and WACHOVIA are amongst the largest financial institutions in the United States.
- 23. The instant action arises out of residential mortgage loan transactions in which Defendants failed to disclose important material information in a clear and conspicuous manner to Plaintiffs and the Class members, in writing, as required by law.
- 24. This action also concerns Defendants' fraudulent omissions and its unlawful, fraudulent and unfair business acts or practices. Defendants engaged in a campaign of deceptive conduct and concealment aimed at maximizing the number of consumers who would accept this type of loan in order to maximize Defendants' profits, even as Defendants knew their conduct would cause many of these consumers to lose their homes through foreclosure.
- 25. Plaintiffs, along with thousands of other similarly situated consumers, were sold an Option ARM home loan by Defendants. The Option ARM loan sold to Plaintiffs and the Class is a deceptively devised financial product. The loan has a variable rate feature with payment caps. The product was sold based upon a low, fixed interest rate, when in fact Plaintiffs were charged a different,

- much greater interest rate than the rate upon which the payment amounts listed in the TILDS were based. Further, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs the fact that Defendants' Option ARM loan was designed to, and did, cause negative amortization to occur. Further still, once lured into these loans, consumers cannot easily extricate themselves from these loans because Defendants' included in these loans a stiff and onerous prepayment penalty making it extremely difficult, if not impossible, for borrowers to extricate themselves from these loans.
- 26. The Option ARM loan Defendants sold to Plaintiffs violates the Truth In Lending Act (TILA). TILA is supposed to protect consumers; it mandates certain disclosures be made by lenders to borrowers concerning the terms and conditions of their home loans. Defendants failed to make these disclosures in connection with the Option ARM loans sold to Plaintiffs and the Class.
- 27. At all times relevant, Defendants sold their Option ARM loan product to consumers, including Plaintiffs, in a false or deceptive manner. Defendants sold to the general public a loan which would provide a very low interest and payment rate for up to ten years and made no reference in the Note and TILDS that if consumers followed Defendants schedule of payments that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur.
- 28. Plaintiffs and others similarly situated were consumers who applied for a mortgage loan through Defendants. During the loan application process, in each case, Defendants represented to Plaintiffs and the Class members that in accepting these loan terms, Plaintiffs would be able to lower their mortgage payment and save money. Defendants initiated this scheme in order to maximize the amount of the loans issued to consumers thereby maximizing Defendants' profits.
- 29. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' representations, and the conduct alleged herein, Plaintiffs agreed to finance their primary residence through Defendants' Option ARM loan. The loan sold to Plaintiffs and the Class had a low payment, which Plaintiffs reasonably believed would be sufficient to pay both principle and interest. However, the true facts are that the payment schedule was not based on the interest rate disclosed in the Note and TILDS, but instead, was based on a much lower rate and therefore, the payment schedule provided by Defendants was *guaranteed* to be insufficient to pay all of the interest due, let alone both principle and interest, which was absolutely certain to result in negative amortization.

- 30. Plaintiffs and the Class members reasonably believed, based on the representations contained in the documents Defendants provided to Plaintiffs and the Class members, that they would be able to refinance their loan and get a new loan before their scheduled payments significantly increased. However, the payment schedule provided by Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform these consumers that due to the negative amortization that was purposefully built into these loans, Plaintiffs and the Class members would be unable to refinance their homes as there would be little or no equity left to refinance.
- 31. Plaintiffs believed these facts to be true because that is what the Defendants intended consumers to believe. Defendants aggressively sold their product as a fixed, low interest home loan. Defendants knew that if they sold these loans in such a manner, their Option ARM loan product would be a hugely popular and profitable product for them. Defendants also knew, however, that they were selling their product in a false and deceptive manner. While Defendants trumpeted their low, fixed rate loans to the public, Defendants knew their promise of a low, fixed interest rate was illusory.
- 32. In fact, Defendants' Option ARM loan possessed a low, fixed payment that was wholly unrelated to the interest rate listed in the Note and TILDS. Unbeknownst to Plaintiffs and Class members, the actual interest rate they were charged on their loans was not used to determine the payment amount listed by Defendants in the Note and TILDS. Defendants in every instance and for every loan, listed a payment amount that was not, in anyway, related to the interest rate disclosed in the Note and TILDS. In fact, the only way for Plaintiffs to know that the payment rate was not based on the listed interest rate was to use a sophisticated mortgage calculation device, that is, and was, far beyond the comprehension of Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated reasonable consumers.
- 33. At all times relevant, Defendants knew that the payments listed in the TILDS during the initial 10 years of the Note was not based on the interest rate listed in the Note and TILDS but instead, was based on a much lower rate that was *not* disclosed in either the Note or the TILDS as required by law.
- 34. Knowing the truth, and motivated by profit and market share, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members that the payment schedule provided by Defendants was not based on the listed interest rate but instead, was based upon an

undisclosed, and much lower, interest rate.

- Plaintiffs and the Class, stated that negative amortization was only a mere possibility and would occur only if the payments were not sufficient. Defendants withheld and failed to disclose the fact that the loan as presented and designed, in fact, *guaranteed* negative amortization. Defendants failed to disclose and omitted the objectively material fact that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur if consumers followed the payment schedule listed by Defendants in the TILDS. This information was objectively material and necessary for consumers to make an informed decision because this information would have revealed that the loan's principal balance would increase if the payment schedule was followed, thereby rendering it impossible to refinance the loan at or around the time the prepayment penalty expired and/or by the time the interest and payment rates re-set. In this respect, Defendants utterly failed to place any warning in the TILDS that negative amortization *was* absolutely certain to occur.
- 36. At all times relevant, once Plaintiffs and the Class members accepted Defendants' Option ARM loan contract, they had no viable option by which to extricate themselves because these Option ARM loan agreements included a draconian pre-payment penalty for a period of up to three years.
- 37. The Option ARM loans sold by Defendants all have the following uniform characteristics:
 - (a) The loan has a low fixed payment amount for the first 10 years of the Note;
 - (b) The payment amount is wholly unrelated to the interest rate listed on the Note and TILDS;
 - (c) The Note states that each payment will go to both principle and interest;
 - (d) The payment amounts listed in the TILDS are not sufficient to pay the actual interest being charged, and none of the payments up through the first ten (10) years of the Note are applied to principle;
 - (e) The low payment amount listed in the Note and TILD was intended by

 Defendants to mislead consumers into believing that the low payments for the

 first ten years of the loan were based on the listed interest rate;

- (f) The payment has a capped annual increase on the payment amount; and
- (g) The loan includes a prepayment penalty for a period of up to three (3) years.
- 38. At all times relevant, Defendants knew, and failed to disclose and by omission failed inform Plaintiffs and the Class members, in a clear and conspicuous manner, that the payment amounts set forth in Defendants' schedule of payments were insufficient to cover the actual interest charged on the loans.
- 39. At all times relevant, Defendants knew, and failed to disclose and by omission failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members, that the payment amounts set forth in Defendants' schedule of payments were insufficient to pay both principle and interest and that this was, in fact, a negative amortization loan that was absolutely certain to, and did cause Plaintiffs and the Class members to lose the equity they had in their homes.
- 40. Disclosing whether a payment will result in negative amortization is of critical importance to consumers. If the disclosed payment rate is insufficient to pay both principle and interest, one of the consequences of negative amortization is a loss of equity. Defendants are and at all times relevant hereto have been aware that clear and conspicuous disclosure of the actual interest rate and a payment rate that is sufficient to avoid negative amortization, and the concomitant loss of equity, is extremely important material information.
- 41. At all times relevant, Defendants, and each of them, knew or should have known, or were reckless in not knowing, that: (i) the payment amount provided to Plaintiffs was insufficient to pay both interest and principle; (ii) that negative amortization was substantially certain to occur if Plaintiffs made payments according to the payment schedule provided by Defendants; and (iii) that loss of equity and/or loss of Plaintiffs' residences was substantially certain to occur if Plaintiffs made payments according to the payment schedule provided by Defendants.
- 42. In spite of its knowledge, Defendants sold its ARM loans as a product that would provide Plaintiffs and the Class members with a low payment for up to ten years, and at all times relevant, failed to disclose and/or concealed by making partial representations of material facts when Defendants had exclusive knowledge of the material fact that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur. This concealed and omitted information was not known to Plaintiffs and the Class members and which,

at all times relevant, Defendants failed to disclose and/or actively concealed by making such statements and partial, misleading representations to Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated. Because the ARM loans did not provide a payment amount based on the actual interest rate charged on the Notes, the payment rate disclosed by Defendants was insufficient to pay both principle and interest, and negative amortization occurred.

- 43. The true facts about these loans is that they do not provide Plaintiffs and the Class members with a low interest rate loan with payment amounts sufficient to pay both principle and interest, and thus, are certain to result, and did result, in negative amortization.
- 44. Disclosure of a payment rate that is sufficient to pay both principle and interest on the loans is of critical importance consumers. If the disclosed payment rate is insufficient to pay both principle and interest, one of the consequences is that negative amortization or loss of equity will occur. Defendants are and at all times relevant hereto have been aware that the ability of the disclosed payment rate to pay both principle and interest so as to avoid negative amortization is one of the most important terms of a loan.
- 45. To this day, Defendants continue to withhold and conceal material information from consumers, and the public, that: (i) the payment rate provided to Plaintiffs and the Class members is and was insufficient to pay both principle and interest; (ii) if the disclosed payment schedule is followed, Plaintiffs and the Class members have and/or are absolutely certain to suffer negative amortization; and (ii) loss of equity and/or possession of the property is absolutely certain to occur if the disclosed payment schedule is followed. Nevertheless, Defendants have refused to clearly and conspicuously disclose to Plaintiffs the existence of this important material information and the injury caused thereby, including but not limited to the loss of equity.
- 46. In the end, the harm caused by Defendants failures to disclose and omissions grossly outweighs any benefit that could be attributed to them.
- 47. Knowing the truth and motivated by profit and market share, Defendants have knowingly and willfully engaged in the acts and/or omissions to mislead and/or deceive Plaintiffs and others similarly situated.

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- 48. The ARM loans have resulted and will continue to result in significant loss and damage to the Class Members, including but not limited to the loss of equity these consumers have or had in their homes.
- 49. The facts which Defendants misrepresented and concealed, as alleged in the preceding paragraphs, were material to the decisions about whether to purchase the ARM loans in that Plaintiffs and others similarly situated would not have purchased these loans but for Defendants' unlawful, unfair, fraudulent and/or deceptive acts and/or practices as alleged herein.
- 50. Defendants engaged in the unlawful, unfair, fraudulent, untrue and/or deceptive scheme to induce consumers to purchase their ARM loans.
- 51. Defendants unlawful, unfair, fraudulent, untrue and/or deceptive acts and/or practices were committed with willful and wanton disregard for whether or not Plaintiffs or others similarly situated would, in fact, receive a home loan that would actually provide the low interest and payment rate, as promised, for up to ten years of the loan that is sufficient to pay both principle and interest.
- 52. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant, Defendants possessed full knowledge and information concerning the above facts about the ARM loans, and otherwise sold these ARM loans throughout the United States, including the State of California.

V.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

53. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves, and on behalf of all others similarly situated (the "Class") pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rules 23(a), and 23(b), and the case law thereunder. The classes Plaintiffs seek to represent are defined as follows:

<u>The California Class</u>: All individuals who, within the four year period preceding the filing of Plaintiffs' Complaint through the date notice is mailed to the Class, received an Option ARM loan through Defendants on their primary residence located in the State of California. Excluded from the California Class are Defendants' employees, officers, directors, agents, representatives, and their family members; and

The National Class: All individuals in the United States of America who, within the four year period preceding the filing of Plaintiffs' complaint through the date notice is mailed to the Class, received an Option ARM loan through Defendants on their primary residence located in the United States of America. Excluded from the National Class are Defendants' employees, officers, directors, agents, representatives, and their family members.

An appropriate sub-Class exists for the following Class Members:

All individuals in the United States of America who, within the three year period preceding the filing of Plaintiffs' complaint through the date notice is mailed to the Class, received an Option ARM loan through Defendants on their primary residence located in the United States of America. Excluded from the National sub-Class are Defendants' employees, officers, directors, agents, representatives, and their family members.

Plaintiffs reserve the right to amend or otherwise alter the Class definitions presented to the Court at the appropriate time, or propose or eliminate sub-Classes, in response to facts learned through discovery, legal arguments advanced by Defendants or otherwise.

- 54. <u>Numerosity</u>: The Class is so numerous that the individual joinder of all members is impracticable under the circumstances of this case. While the exact number of Class members is unknown at this time, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the entire Class or Classes consist of approximately tens of thousands of members.
- 55. <u>Commonality</u>: Common questions of law or fact are shared by the Class members. This action is suitable for class treatment because these common questions of fact and law predominate over any individual issues. Such common questions include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) Whether Defendants' acts and practices violate the Truth in Lending Act;
 - (2) Whether Defendants' conduct violated 12 C.F.R. § 226.17;
 - (3) Whether Defendants' conduct violated 12 C.F.R. § 226.19;
 - (4) Whether Defendants' had a duty to disclose to Plaintiffs important material information concerning their loans, including but not limited to (i) that the payment amounts listed in the TILDS were insufficient to pay both principle and interest; (ii) that the payment schedule was not based on the listed interest rate; and (iii) that negative amortization would occur if Plaintiffs made the payments according to the schedule of payments Defendants listed in the TILDS;

- (5) Whether Defendants, by and through their officers, employees and agents concealed, omitted and/or otherwise failed to disclose information they were mandated to disclose under TILA;
- (6) Whether Defendants' failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs that the payment schedule was not based on the interest rate disclosed in the Note and TILDS;
- (7) Whether Defendants' failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform

 Plaintiffs that the payment amounts listed in Note and TILDS are insufficient to

 cover both principle and interest;
- (8) Whether Defendants' failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform

 Plaintiffs that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur if Plaintiffs

 made the payments according to payment schedule provided by Defendants;
- (9) Whether Defendants engaged in unfair business practices aimed at deceiving
 Plaintiffs and the Class members before and during the loan application process;
- (10) Whether Defendants' failure to apply Plaintiffs' and the Class members' payments to principal as promised in the Notes constitutes a breach of contract, including a breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing;
- (11) Whether Defendants' breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing;
- (12) Whether the terms and conditions of Defendants' Option ARM home loan are unconscionable, including but not limited to: (i) listing a payment amount and interest rate which bear no relation to each other; (ii) stating that "from time to time" negative amortization "may occur" when, in fact, negative amortization was *guaranteed* to occur if consumers followed the payment schedule provided by Defendants in the TILDS; and (iii) under the terms and conditions of these loans, the prepayment penalty provision.
- (13) Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to declaratory relief, including but not limited to: whether Defendants' Option ARM loans violate TILA;
- (14) Whether Plaintiffs and the Class members are entitled to rescission under TILA;

- (15)
- Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to statutory damages under TILA;
 - (16)Whether Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to actual damages;
 - (17)Whether Plaintiffs and the Class members are entitled to punitive damages; and
 - (18)Whether Plaintiffs are entitled to equitable relief, including but not limited to, restitution and injunctive relief.
- 56. Typicality: Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. Plaintiffs and the other Class members were subjected to the same kind of unlawful conduct and the claims of Plaintiffs and the other Class members are based on the same legal theories.
- 57. Adequacy: Plaintiffs are adequate representatives of the Class because their interests do not conflict with the interests of the other members of the Class Plaintiffs seek to represent. Plaintiffs have retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and Plaintiffs intend on prosecuting this action vigorously. The interests of members of the Class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiffs and their counsel.
- 58. Ascertainable Class: The proposed Classes are ascertainable in that the members can be identified and located using information contained in Defendants' mortgage lending records.
- 59. This case is brought and can be maintained as a class action under Rule 23(b)(1), 23(b)(2), and 23(b)(3):
 - Risk of Inconsistent Judgments: The unlawful acts and practices of Defendants, as (a) alleged herein, constitute a course of conduct common to Plaintiffs and each Class member. Prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendants and/or substantially impair or impede the ability of individual Class members to protect their interests;
 - (b) Injunctive and/or Declaratory Relief to the Class is Appropriate: Defendants, and each of them, have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole appropriate; and

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Predominant Questions of Law or Fact: Questions of law or fact common to the Class members, including those identified above, predominate over questions affecting only individual Class members (if any), and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. Class action treatment will allow a large number of similarly situated consumers to prosecute their common claims in a single forum, simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that numerous individual actions would require. Further, an important public interest will be served by addressing the matter as a class action. The cost to the court system of adjudicating each such individual lawsuit would be substantial.

VI.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of Truth in Lending Laws, 15 U.S.C. §1601, et seq., (Against All Defendants)

- 60. Plaintiffs incorporate all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 61. 15 U.S.C. §1601, et seq., is the Federal Truth in Lending Act ("TILA"). The Federal Reserve Board of Governors implements the Federal Truth in Lending Act through Regulation Z (12 C.F.R. § 226) and its Official Staff Commentary. Compliance by lenders with Regulation Z became mandatory October 1, 1982. Likewise, Official Staff Commentary issued by the Federal Reserve Board is also binding on all lenders.
- 62. The purpose of TILA is to protect consumers. This is stated in 12 C.F.R. § 226.1, which reads:

§ 226.1 Authority, purpose, coverage, organization, enforcement and

Purpose. The purpose of this regulation is to promote the informed use of consumer credit by requiring disclosures about its terms and costs. The regulation also gives consumers the right to cancel certain credit transactions that involve a lien on a consumer's principal dwelling . . .

63. Reg. Z also mandates very specific disclosure requirements regarding home loans with which lenders, including Defendants, must comply:

§ 226.17. General disclosure requirements.

- (a) Form of disclosures. (1) The creditor shall make the disclosures required by this subpart clearly and conspicuously in writing, in a form that the consumer may keep. The disclosures shall be grouped together, shall be segregated from everything else, and shall not contain any information not directly related to the disclosures required under § 226.18.
- 64. The purpose of the TILA is to assure a meaningful disclosure of credit terms so that the borrowers will be able to compare more readily the various credit terms available to them and avoid the uninformed use of credit and to protect the consumer against inaccurate and unfair credit billing practices.
- 65. Defendants' Option ARM loans violate TILA because Defendants failed to comply with the disclosure requirements mandated by Regulation Z and Official Staff Commentary issued by the Federal Reserve Board. Defendants failed in a number of ways to clearly, conspicuously and/or accurately disclose the terms of the Option ARM loan to Plaintiffs as Defendants were required to do under TILA. These violations are apparent on the face of the TILA Disclosure Forms.
 - 66. The TILA violations committed by Defendants are more specifically detailed as follows:
 - A. Defendants' Failure to Clearly and Conspicuously Disclose That the Payment Schedules Are Not Based on the Actual Interest Rate Violates TILA
- 67. 12 C.F.R. § 226.17 and 12 C.F.R. § 226.19 require the lender to make disclosures concerning the interest rate and payments in a clear and conspicuous manner. Further, a misleading disclosure is as much a violation of TILA as a failure to disclose at all.
- 68. As for Plaintiffs and the Class members Option ARM loans, Defendants violated 12 C.F.R. § 226.17 and 12 C.F.R. § 226.19 in that they failed to clearly and conspicuously disclose the interest rate upon which the payments listed in the TILDS are based.
- 69. The scheduled payment amounts and interest rate listed in the Note and TILDS for each of the subject loans are unclear and inconspicuous. In fact, the payment amounts are not based on the

interest rate listed but instead, were based upon an interest rate which was neither disclosed nor made conspicuous as required under TILA.

- 70. At all times relevant, Defendants knowingly and intentionally included in each of the Notes and TILDS a schedule of payments which was not based upon the interest rate listed in these same documents. Defendants failure to clearly and conspicuously disclose the interest rate upon which the payment amounts were based was, and is, deceptive.
- 71. Further, in addition to Defendants failure to disclose in the Note and the TILDS that the payments listed were not based upon the interest rate listed, Defendants knowingly and intentionally stated in each of the Notes that the payments would be applied to both principle and interest.

 Defendants further stated in the Notes that, "from time to time" the payments "may not" be enough to cover all of the interest due on the Notes. However, in truth, if Plaintiffs followed the payment schedule provided by Defendants, the payments were guaranteed to be insufficient to pay the principle and interest on the loan.
- 72. At all times relevant, Defendants failed to clearly and conspicuously disclose to Plaintiffs that if they made payments according to the payment schedule set forth in the TILDS, that negative amortization was not just a mere possibility, it was an absolute certainty.
- 73. At all times relevant, Defendants purposefully and intentionally failed to disclose to Plaintiffs, and all others similarly situated, the interest rate upon which the payment schedule was based in order to mislead and deceive Plaintiffs into believing that they would be getting a loan with a low fixed payment rate that would be sufficient to pay both interest and principle
- 74. At all times relevant, the payment amount provided by Defendants was intended to and did deceive consumers into falsely believing they would, in fact, receive the low interest rate upon which the payment schedule is based. While the Note states the amount of Plaintiffs' initial monthly payment, however, the initial monthly payment amounts stated in the Note and TILDS are not, in anyway related to the interest rate listed in the Note(s) and TILDS.
- 75. Defendants employed the aforementioned bait-and-switch tactics in a common and uniform class-wide basis. In particular, had Defendants clearly and conspicuously disclosed a payment amount sufficient to cover both principle and interest, the payment amounts would have to have been

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almost double the payment amounts listed.

- 76. The TILDS are also deceptive for much the same reason. The TILDS list a schedule of payments, yet for up to the first ten years the listed payment amounts have no relation to, and are also not based on the interest rate listed in the TILDS.
- 77. At all times relevant, Defendants' failed to clearly, conspicuously and accurately disclose a payment amount that corresponds to the actual interest rate being charged on the loan sufficient to pay both principle and interest. The Note states "the payments will be applied to principle and interest." Thus, Plaintiffs reasonably believed that if they made the payments according to Defendants payment schedule, the payments would, in fact, be paying off both principal and interest. However, the true fact is that the payment amounts stated in Defendants payment schedule did not include any principal on the loans at all and only covered a portion of the interest Defendants were charging on these loans.
 - B. Defendants' Failure to Clearly and Conspicuously Disclose Negative Amortization
 Violates the Truth in Lending Laws
- 78. 12 C.F.R. § 226.19 sets forth additional specific disclosure requirements for residential home loans:

§ 226.19. Certain residential mortgage and variable-rate transactions. . . .

(b) Certain variable-rate transactions. If the annual percentage rate may increase after consummation in a transaction secured by the consumer's principal dwelling with a term greater than one year, the following disclosures must be provided at the time an application form is provided or before the consumer pays a non-refundable fee, whichever is earlier. . . (vii) Any rules relating to changes in the index, interest rate, payment amount, and outstanding loan balance including, for example, an explanation of interest rate or payment limitations, negative amortization, and interest rate carryover. (Emphasis added.)

- 79. The negative amortization disclosure is required and must be made clearly and conspicuously, and done in a manner that does not obscure its significance. The disclosure must state whether the loan and payments established under the terms dictated by the Defendants is a negative amortizing loan.
- 80. In 1995, and continuing each time new Official Staff Commentary was issued, the Federal Reserve Board made clear that when the loan was a variable rate loan with payment caps, such as those that are the subject of this lawsuit, that the disclosure required a definitive statement about negative amortization:

12 CFR Part 226

[Regulation Z; Docket No. R-0863]

Monday, April 3, 1995

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule; official staff interpretation.

"For the program that gives the borrower an option to cap monthly payments, the creditor must fully disclose the rules relating to the payment cap option, including the effects of exercising it (such as **negative amortization occurs** and that the principal balance **will increase**)..." (Found at C.F.R. § 226.19)

- 81. At all times relevant, statutory and common law in effect make it unlawful for a lender, such as Defendants, to fail to comply with the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary as well as Regulation Z and TILA.
- 82. Defendants sold Plaintiffs and the Class members Option ARM loans which have a variable rate feature with payment caps. Defendants failed to include any reference in the TILDS or in the Note(s) that negative amortization would occur if Plaintiffs and the Class members followed the payment schedule provided by Defendants. The payment schedule makes no reference to negative amortization and makes it appear that the payments would, in fact, pay both principal and interest.

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- 83. In fact, the only place in the Note where Defendants even inferentially reference negative amortization caused Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated reasonable persons to believe that negative amortization is only a mere possibility, rather than an absolute certainty. In fact, these loans were designed in such a way so as to make negative amortization an absolute certainty. And, even when a separate explanation was provided, Defendant omitted the important material fact that these loans and payment schedules would, in fact, guarantee negative amortization.
- 84. Defendants statement that, "from time to time" negative amortization "may occur" was a half-truth and did not alert or inform Plaintiffs that the payment schedule provided by Defendants would absolutely guarantee that negative amortization was going to occur on these loans. Rather, Defendants made it appear that as long as the payments were made according to the schedule listed in the TILDS, that there would be no negative amortization.
- 85. At all times relevant, Defendants' statement in the Note, TILDS, and any other disclosures they provided, described negative amortization as only a mere possibility, and therefore was misleading and deceptive. In fact, Defendants' Option ARM loan was designed in such a way as to guarantee negative amortization. TILA demands more than a statement that the payment could be less, or "may" be less, when Defendants knew that the payments were less, and would always be less, than the full amount required to pay both principle and interest.
 - C. Defendants' Failure to Clearly and Conspicuously Disclose The Interest Rate Upon Which the Payment Schedule Was Based Violates TILA
 - Pursuant to 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(a)(1), Defendants were required to: "make the disclosures required by this subpart clearly and conspicuously in writing, in a form that the consumer may keep. The disclosures shall be grouped together, shall be segregated from everything else, and shall not contain any information not directly related to the disclosures required under § 226.18. The itemization of the amount financed under § 226.18(c)(1) must be separate from the other disclosures under that section."

- 87. Official Staff Commentary to 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(a)(1) states that "this standard requires that disclosures be in a reasonably understandable form. For example, while the regulation requires no mathematical progression or format, the disclosures must be presented in a way that does not obscure the relationship of the terms to each other..."
- 88. At all times relevant, Defendants Option ARM loans violated 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(a)(1) in that the relationship between the interest rate listed in the Note and TILD bear no relationship to the undisclosed interest rate upon which the payment schedule was based. Therefore, as a direct and proximate result, the form of disclosure used by Defendants obscured the relationship between the interest rate listed in the Note(s) and TILDS and the payment schedule provided.
 - Defendants' Failure to Clearly and Conspicuously Disclose The Legal Obligation
 Violates Truth in Lending Laws
- 89. 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)(1) requires that "[t]he disclosures shall reflect the terms of the legal obligation between the parties."
- 90. Official binding staff commentary on 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)(1) requires that: "[t]he disclosures shall reflect the credit terms to which the parties are legally bound as of the outset of the transaction. In the case of disclosures required under § 226.20(c), the disclosures shall reflect the credit terms to which the parties are legally bound when the disclosures are provided."
- 91. The Official binding staff commentary further states, at 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)(1)(2), that "[t]he legal obligation normally is presumed to be contained in the note or contract that evidences the agreement."
- 92. Official Staff Commentary to 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)(1) states that "[i]f a loan contains a rate or payment cap that would prevent the initial rate or payment, at the time of the first adjustment, from changing to the rate determined by the index or formula at consummation, the effect of that rate or payment cap should be reflected in the disclosures."
- 93. At all times relevant, Defendants Option ARM loans violated 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c) in that the Note and TILD do not disclose, and by omission, failed to disclose what Plaintiffs and the Class members were legally obligated to pay. In particular, the Note(s) charged the borrowers a much higher monthly amount than what Defendants disclosed. Defendants accomplished this deception by only

listing a partial payment in the TILD, rather than the full payment the borrowers were being charged for the loans, and were legally obligated to pay.

- 94. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants omission and failure to clearly and conspicuously disclose Plaintiffs and Class members legal obligations under the loans, Defendants took the partial payments and secretly added the deficit, each month, to principle, thereby causing negative amortization to occur.
 - E. Defendants' Failure to Clearly and Conspicuously Disclose the Effect of the Payment Cap on the True Cost of the Loan Violates Truth in Lending Laws
- 95. The Option ARM loans at issue each contained a variable rate feature with an initial (undisclosed) teaser rate with payment caps. The payment cap is a limit on how much the payment may be increased annually. Its purpose is to provide borrowers with a limit on how much their payment can increase from year to year. The loans issued by Defendants had a 7.5% payment cap, which means that a borrower would only see their payment rise each year by a maximum of 7.5%. (i.e. a \$1,000 monthly payment in year one, could go to a \$1,075 payment in year two.)
- 96. The Official Staff Commentary to 12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)(1)(10) iii states that "[i]f a loan contains a rate or payment cap that would prevent the initial rate or payment, at the time of the first adjustment, from changing to the rate determined by the index or formula at consummation, **the effect of that rate or payment cap should be reflected in the disclosures**." Thus, at all times relevant during the liability period, Defendants had a duty to Plaintiffs and the Class members to disclose the effect the payment caps would have on the loans in the TILD.
- 97. At all times relevant during the liability period, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members that the payment cap would cause thousands of dollars, each month, to be secretly added to principle.
- 98. As a direct and proximate result, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members of the effect of the payment cap in violation of 12 C.F.R. § 226.17.
- 99. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and the Class members are entitled to an order declaring that Defendants violated TILA, 15 U.S.C. §1601, et seq., that Plaintiffs and the Class have the right to

rescind pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1635 and 12 C.F.R. § 226.23, damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1640, attorneys fees, litigation costs and expenses and costs of suit, and for an order rescinding Plaintiff's individual mortgage and those of any class member desirous of such relief, and for an order awarding other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

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VII.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Fraudulent Omissions

(Against all Defendants)

- 90. Plaintiffs incorporate all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 91. As alleged herein, pursuant to TILA, 15 U.S.C. §1601, et seq., Regulation Z (12 C.F.R. §226) and the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary, Defendants had a duty to disclose to Plaintiffs, and each Class member, (i) the actual interest rate on which the payment amounts listed in the TILDS are based (12 C.F.R. § 226.17(c)); (ii) that making the payments according to the payment schedule listed in the TILDS will result in negative amortization and that the principal balance will increase (12 C.F.R. § 226.19); and (iii) that the payment amounts listed on the TILDS are insufficient to pay both principle and interest.
- 92. Defendants further had a duty to disclose to Plaintiffs, and each Class member: (i) the actual interest rate being charged on the Note(s), (ii) that negative amortization would occur and that the "principle balance *will* increase"; and (iii) that the initial interest rate on the note was discounted, based upon Defendants partial representations of material facts when Defendants had exclusive knowledge of material facts that negative amortization was certain to occur.
- 93. The Note(s) state at ¶ 3 (A) "I will pay Principle and interest by making payments every month." However, the true facts are that the payment listed by Defendants on the TILD are insufficient to pay both interest and principle. In fact, the payment amounts listed on the TILDS are insufficient to pay enough interest to avoid negative amortization which, under the terms of the Note(s) was absolutely certain to occur if Plaintiffs made the payments according to payment schedule listed in the TILDS.

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- 94. The Note(s) further state, at \P 3(E) "From time to time, my monthly payments *may be* insufficient to pay the total amount of monthly interest that is due." However, the true facts are that the payment amounts listed by Defendants in the TILDS were, at all times relevant, insufficient to pay the total amount of interest due on the note and therefore this statement was false in that it omitted important material information concerning the true facts, that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur if consumers followed the payment schedule provided by Defendants in the TILDS.
- 95. The aforementioned omitted information was not known to Plaintiffs and the Class members and which, at all times relevant, Defendants failed to disclose and/or actively concealed by making such statements and partial, misleading representations to Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated.
- 96. Defendants, and each of them, failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs, and each Class member, that (i) the payment rate provided to Plaintiffs and the Class members on the TILD was insufficient to pay both principle and interest; (ii) that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur if Plaintiffs and the Class members made payments according to the payment schedule provided by Defendants in the TILDS; and (iii) that loss of equity and/or loss of Plaintiffs' and the Class members residence was absolutely certain to occur if Plaintiffs and the Class members made payments according to the payment schedule provided by Defendants.
- 97. As alleged herein, Defendants had a duty to disclose to Plaintiffs, and each Class member, and at all times relevant, failed to disclose and/or concealed material facts by making partial representations of some material facts when Defendants had exclusive knowledge of material facts, including but not limited to, (i) the payment amounts listed in the TILDS were not based on the actual interest rate charged on the Note(s); (ii) that negative amortization was absolutely certain to occur, and (iii) that the payment amounts listed in the Note and TILDS are insufficient to pay both principle and interest. The concealed and omitted information was not known to Plaintiffs and the Class members and which, at all times relevant, Defendants failed to disclose and/or actively concealed by making such statements and partial, misleading representations to Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated.
- 98. From the inception of Option ARM loan scheme, until the present, Defendants have engaged in a purposeful and fraudulent scheme to omit material facts known solely to them, and not

- reasonably discoverable by Plaintiffs and the Class members, regarding true facts concerning the interest rate upon which the payment schedule was based, the negative amortization that was certain to occur, and that the payment amounts listed in the Note and TILDS are insufficient to pay both principle and interest, all of which Defendants were duty bound to clearly and conspicuously disclose in the TILD.
- 99. Defendants, and each of them, have known from the inception of their Option ARM loan scheme that, (i) the interest rate upon which the payment amounts listed in the Notes and TILDS are not based on the listed interest rate, but instead were based on a much lower rate; (ii) that making the payments according to the payment schedule listed in the Note and TILDS *will* result in negative amortization and that the principal balance *will* increase; and (iii) that the payment amounts listed on the TILDS are insufficient to pay both principle and interest.
- 100. Defendants, and each of them, purposefully and intentionally devised this Option ARM loan scheme to defraud and/or mislead consumers into believing that these loans would provide a low-payment loan, for up to the first ten (10) years and that if they made their payments according to the payment schedule provided by Defendants that it would be sufficient to pay both principle and interest.
- 101. The omitted information, as alleged herein, was material to Plaintiffs and each Class member in that had the information been disclosed, Plaintiffs and each Class member would not have entered into the loans.
- 102. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants failures to disclose and omission of material facts, as alleged herein, Plaintiffs and each Class member has suffered damages, which include, but are not limited to the loss of equity Plaintiffs and each Class member had in their homes prior to entering these loans.
- 103. The wrongful conduct of Defendants, as set forth herein, was willful, oppressive, immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, substantially injurious, malicious and in conscious disregard for the well being of Plaintiffs, and others similarly situated. Accordingly, Plaintiffs, and all others similarly situated seek punitive damages against Defendants in an amount to deter Defendants from similar conduct in the future.
- 104. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and members of the Classes are entitled to all legal and equitable remedies provided by law, including but not limited to actual damages, exemplary damages,

prejudgment interest and costs.

VIII.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California's Unfair Competition Law, Bus. & Prof. Code §17200 et seq., "Unfair" and "Fraudulent" Business Acts or Practices,

(Against all Defendants)

- 105. Plaintiffs incorporate all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 106. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action on behalf of themselves, on behalf of the Class, and in their capacity as a private attorney generals against all Defendants for their unfair, fraudulent and/or deceptive business acts and/or practices pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Sections 17200 et seq., which prohibits all unfair and/or fraudulent business acts and/or practices.
- 107. Plaintiffs assert these claims as they are representatives of an aggrieved group and as private attorney generals on behalf of the general public and other persons who have expended funds that the Defendants should be required to pay or reimburse under the equitable and restitutionary remedies provided by California Business and Professions Code Sections 17200 et seq.
- 108. The instant claim is predicated on the generally applicable duty of any contracting party to disclose important material facts, and on the duty to refrain from unfair and deceptive business practices. The Plaintiffs and the Class members hereby seek to enforce a general proscription of unfair business practices and the requirement to refrain from deceptive conduct. The instant claim is predicated on duties that govern anyone engaged in any business and anyone contracting with anyone else.
- 109. At all times relevant, Defendants engaged in a pattern of deceptive conduct and concealment aimed at maximizing the number of borrowers who would accept their Option ARM loans. Defendants, and each of them, sold to Plaintiffs and the Class members a deceptively devised financial product. Defendants sold their Option ARM loan product to consumers, including Plaintiffs and the Class members, in a false or deceptive manner. Defendants promised that the loan would have a very low, fixed payment, with only a small annual increase in the payment amount, for a period of up to ten

years; and that the payment amount would be based on the listed interest rate. Defendants withheld from Plaintiffs and the Class members the fact that Defendants' Option ARM loan was designed to, and did, cause negative amortization to occur.

- 110. Defendants lured Plaintiffs and the Class members into the Option ARM loans with promises of low payments. Once Plaintiffs and the Class members entered into these loans, Defendants began taking away equity from Plaintiffs and the Class members homes. And, Plaintiffs and the Class members could not escape because Defendants purposefully placed into these loans an extremely onerous prepayment penalty that made it prohibitively expensive for consumers to extricate themselves from these loans. Thus, once on the hook, consumers could not escape from Defendants loans.
- Defendants sold their Option ARM loans as having a low payment. However,
 Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members that
 the low payments listed in the Note and TILDS were completely insufficient to pay both principle and
 interest and were, in fact, at all times relevant during the liability period, completely insufficient to pay
 all of the interest accruing on the loans. Further, and in addition to Defendants' failure to disclose the
 actual cost of the loans, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and
 the Class members that there was a discrepancy between the interest rate upon which the payments were
 based and that actual interest Defendants charged on the loans.
- 113. At all times relevant, Plaintiffs and the Class members agreed to finance their primary residences through Defendants' Option ARM loans as a result of low interest and payment schedules. In particular, Plaintiffs and the Class members were lead to believe that if they made payments according to Defendants payment schedule, that the loans would only, "from time to time" result in negative amortization. However, Defendants failed to disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs and the Class members that if they made their payments according to Defendants payment schedule, that by the 11th year of the loans, each class member will have lost between 15-25% of the equity in their home, making it difficult, if not impossible to re-finance to another home loan.
- 114. Defendants aggressively sold their product based on the low payment. Defendants knew that if they sold these loans in such a manner, their Option ARM loan product would be a hugely popular and profitable product for them. Defendants also knew, however, that they were selling their

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product in a false and deceptive manner. While Defendants trumpeted their low payment loans to the public, Defendants knew, however, that this was false, and at best, only partially true.

- unrelated to the interest rate listed. Unbeknownst to Plaintiffs and Class members, the actual interest rate Defendants charged on their loans would require a much larger payment to pay both "Principle and interest." After purchasing Defendants' Option ARM loan product, Plaintiffs and class members never actually received the benefit of the loan promised to them because immediately, Defendants in every instance and for every loan began secretly taking away Plaintiffs and the Class members equity. Once Plaintiffs and the Class members accepted Defendants' Option ARM loan, they had no viable option by which to extricate themselves because these loan agreements included a draconian prepayment penalty.
- 116. Defendants initiated this scheme in order to maximize the amount of the loans issued to consumers and to maximize Defendants' profits.
- 117. Defendants perpetrated this bait-and-switch scheme uniformly and in the same manner on Plaintiffs and each member of the Class.
- 118. As alleged herein, Defendants' failures to disclose important material information concerning the actual cost of the loans is, and was, unfair, fraudulent, and deceptive.
- 119. The acts, misrepresentations, omissions, and practices of Defendants alleged above constitute unfair, and/or fraudulent business acts and/or practices within the meaning of California Business and Professions Code Sections 17200 et seq.
- 120. By engaging in the above-described acts and practices, Defendants have committed one or more acts of unfair competition within the meaning of Business and Professions Code Sections 17200, et seq.
- 121. Defendants' conduct, as fully described above, was likely to deceive members of the consuming public, and at all times relevant, Defendants' failures to disclose and omission of material facts have been and continue to be unfair, fraudulent, untrue and/or deceptive.
- 122. Defendants' misconduct as alleged herein gave Defendants an unfair competitive advantage over their competitors.

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- 123. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts, Defendants, and each of them, received monies and continues to hold the monies expended by Plaintiffs and others similarly situated who purchased the ARM loans as described herein.
- 124. In addition to the relief requested in the Prayer below, Plaintiffs seek the imposition of a constructive trust over, and restitution of, the monies collected and realized by Defendants.
- 125. The harm to Plaintiffs, members of the general public and others similarly situated outweighs the utility of Defendants' policies, acts and/or practices and, consequently Defendants' conduct herein constitutes an unlawful business act or practice within the meaning of California Business & Professions Code Sections 17200 et seq.
- 126. The unfair, deceptive and/or fraudulent business practices of Defendants, as fully described herein, presents a continuing threat to members of the public to be mislead and/or deceived by Defendants ARM loans as described herein. Plaintiffs and other members of the general public have no other remedy of law that will prevent Defendants misconduct as alleged herein from occurring and/or reoccurring in the future.
- 127. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unfair and/or fraudulent conduct alleged herein, Plaintiffs and Class Members have lost thousands if not millions of dollars of equity in their homes. Plaintiffs and members of the Class are direct victims of the Defendants' unlawful conduct, and each have suffered injury in fact, and have lost money or property as a result of Defendants' unfair competition.
- 128. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and members of the Classes are entitled to equitable relief, including restitution, restitutionary disgorgement of all profits accruing to Defendants because of their unfair, fraudulent, and deceptive acts and/or practices, attorneys fees and costs, declaratory relief, and a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from their unfair, fraudulent and deceitful activity.

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Breach of Contract

IX.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

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(Against All Defendants)

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129. Plaintiffs incorporate all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

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or Note – with Defendants. The Note was drafted by Defendants and could not be modified by Plaintiffs

Plaintiffs and Class members entered into a written home loan agreement – the contract

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or Class members. The Note describes the terms and respective obligations applicable to the parties

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herein.

131. The Note(s) state the interest rate and the payment amounts required for Plaintiffs and

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Class members' to pay off the loan.

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132. The Note(s) further state that Plaintiffs' and Class members' "will pay Principle and

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interest by making payments every month."

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133. The TILD, which accompanied the Note, sets forth a payment schedule for Plaintiffs and Class members' to follow.

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134. The interest rate listed in the Note and in the TILDS was not used to calculate the

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payment amounts stated in the Note and listed in the TILDS. At all times relevant, Defendants knew

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that the payment schedule was not based on the interest rate listed, but instead, was based on a much lower rate which caused the loan contracts to be uncertain and ambiguous as to the amount borrowers

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would have to pay each month in order to avoid negative amortization. Defendants caused the

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uncertainty and ambiguity as alleged herein, by purposefully stating in the Note that Plaintiffs "will pay

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Principle and interest by making payments every month" and then providing Plaintiffs with a payment

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schedule which is inconsistent with, and not based on the interest rate listed in the Note.

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Class members any opportunity to make changes to the Note and due to Defendants superior bargaining

At all times relevant, Defendants drafted the Note and did not allow Plaintiffs or the

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position, the contract was offered on a take it or leave it basis. As such, the loan contracts at issue are

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contracts of adhesion.

- 136. Defendants expressly and/or through their conduct and actions agreed that Plaintiffs' and the Class members' monthly payment obligations would be sufficient to pay both the principal and interest owed on the loans. Defendants breached this agreement by failing to apply any of Plaintiffs' and the Class members' payments to principal.
- 137. Instead, and in order to make up the difference between the interest rate used to calculate the payment schedule and the much higher rate listed in the notes, Defendants immediately began secretly reducing Plaintiffs' and the Class members' equity in their homes and applied no part of the payments to the principal balances on their loans. In fact, because Defendants charged more interest than was included in the payments listed in the TILDS, the payments were insufficient to cover the interest charged on the loans and thus principal balances increased (which is the negative amortization Defendants purposefully built into these loan contracts).
- 138. As a result, Defendants breached the written contractual agreement by failing to apply any portion of Plaintiffs' and the Class members' monthly payments towards their principal loan balances.
- 139. Plaintiffs and the Class members, on the other hand, did all of those things the contract required of them. Plaintiffs and the Class members made monthly payments in the amounts required under the terms of the Note and reflected in the payment schedule prepared and provided by Defendants.
- 140. As a result of Defendants' breach of the agreement, Plaintiffs and the Class members have suffered harm. Plaintiffs and Class members have incurred additional charges to their principal loan balances. Plaintiffs and the Class members have incurred and will continue to incur additional interest charges on the principal loan balance and surplus interest added to Plaintiffs' and the Class members' principal loan balances. Furthermore, Defendants' breaches have placed Plaintiffs and the Class members in danger of losing their homes through foreclosure, as Defendants have caused Plaintiffs' and the Class members' principal loan balances to increase thereby limiting these consumers' ability to make future house payments or obtain alternative home loan financing.
- 141. At all times relevant during the liability period, there existed a gross inequality of bargaining position between the parties to the ARM loan contracts. At all times relevant, Defendants unreasonably and unconscionably exploited their superior bargaining position and foisted upon

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Plaintiffs and the Class members extremely harsh, one-sided provisions in the contract, which Plaintiffs and the Class members were not made aware of and did not comprehend (*e.g.* Defendants fraudulent omissions and failures to clearly and conspicuously disclose as alleged herein), and which attempted to severely limit Defendants obligations under the contracts at the expense of Plaintiffs and the Class members, as alleged herein. As a result of these extremely harsh, one-sided provisions, including but not limited to the provisions which seek to limit the low interest rate upon which the payment amounts listed in TILDS for one month or less, these provisions are unconscionable and therefore unenforceable.

142. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and members of the Classes are entitled to declaratory relief, compensatory damages proximately caused by Defendants breach of contract as alleged herein, prejudgment interest, costs of suit and other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

X.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing (Against All Defendants)

- 143. Plaintiffs incorporate all preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 144. Defendants entered into written agreements with Plaintiffs and the Class members based upon the terms on the loans as stated in the Note(s) and TILDS.
- 145. The Note(s) and TILDS expressly and impliedly agreed to provide loans secured by the Plaintiffs' and the Class members' residences, and that the loans would have a low payment and interest rate for up to the first then (10) years of the loan.
- 146. The Note and TILDS expressly and impliedly agreed that if Plaintiffs and the Class members made the monthly payments in the amount prescribed by Defendants in the TILDS, that negative amortization would not occur. As alleged herein, the Note(s) expressly state and/or imply that Plaintiffs' and Class members' monthly payment obligations *will* be applied to pay both principal and interest owed on the loan.
- 147. The written payment schedules prepared and created by Defendants, and applicable to Plaintiffs' and the Class members' loans, did not disclose, and by omission, failed to inform Plaintiffs

that the payment amounts owed by Plaintiffs and the Class members to Defendants in years one through ten are insufficient to cover the true costs of the loan.

- 148. Instead, Defendants immediately began collecting more than the required payments and applied no part of Plaintiffs' and the Class members' payments to principal. In fact, Plaintiffs and the Class members' payments were insufficient to cover the interest that Defendants charged resulting in an increase in the amount of principal Plaintiffs and the Class members owed on their homes.
- 149. Defendants unfairly interfered with Plaintiffs' and the Class members' rights to receive the benefits of the contract. These loans will cost Plaintiffs and Class members thousands of dollars more than represented by Defendants. Plaintiffs and the Class members did not receive the fixed low interest rate home loan promised them by Defendants. Instead, as alleged herein, Defendants foisted upon Plaintiffs a loan which was guaranteed to result in negative amortization. As a result, Defendants have caused Plaintiffs and the Class members to lose equity in their homes and therefore have denied Plaintiffs and the Class members the enjoyment and security of one of their most important investments.
- 150. Plaintiffs and the Class members, on the other hand, did all of those things the contract required of them. Plaintiffs and the Class members made the monthly payments in the amounts required of them by the terms of the Note and reflected in the payment schedule prepared and provided by Defendants.
- 151. At all times relevant, Defendants unreasonably denied Plaintiffs and the Class members the benefits promised to them under the terms of the Note, including providing clear and conspicuous disclosure of a payment amounts sufficient to pay both principle and interest so as to avoid negative amortization.
- 152. Knowing the truth and motivated by profit and market share, Defendants have knowingly and willfully breached the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing by engaging in the acts and/or fraudulent omissions to mislead and/or deceive Plaintiffs and others similarly situated as alleged herein.
- 153. Defendants breaches, as alleged herein, were committed with willful and wanton disregard for whether or not Plaintiffs or others similarly situated would actually receive a home loan that would provide the promised low interest and payment rate for up to ten years sufficient to pay both principle and interest.

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- 154. Upon information and belief and at all times relevant, Defendants possessed full knowledge and information concerning the above facts about these loans, and otherwise sold these loans throughout the United States, including the State of California.
- 155. Defendants' placing of their corporate and/or individual profits over the rights of others is particularly vile, base, contemptible, and wretched and said acts and/or omissions were performed on the part of officers, directors, and/or managing agents of each corporate defendant and/or taken with the advance knowledge of the officers, directors, and/or managing agents who authorized and/or ratified said acts and/or omissions. Defendants thereby acted with malice and complete indifference to and/or conscious disregard for the rights and safety of others, including Plaintiff and the General Public.
- 156. At all times relevant, Defendants' conduct, as alleged herein, was malicious, oppressive, and/or fraudulent.
- 157. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs and the Class members have suffered harm. Plaintiffs and the Class members have incurred additional charges to their principal loan balances. Plaintiffs and the Class members have incurred and will continue to incur additional interest charges on the principal loan balances and surplus interest added to Plaintiffs' and the Class members' principal loan balances. Furthermore, Defendants' breach has caused and/or otherwise placed Plaintiffs and the Class members in danger of losing their homes through foreclosure and, as a direct and proximate result of said misconduct, caused Plaintiffs' and the Class members' principal loan balances to increase limiting these consumers' ability to make their future house payments or obtain alternative home loan financing.
- 158. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and members of the Classes are entitled to declaratory relief, all damages proximately caused by Defendants breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing as alleged herein, punitive damages, pre-judgment interest, costs of suit and other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

///

///

///

1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF			
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs and all Class members pray for judgment against each Defendant,			
3	jointly and severally, as follows:			
4	A.	An order certifying the case as	a class action and appointing Plaintiffs and their counsel	
5		to represent the Class;		
6	В.	For actual damages according to proof;		
7	C.	For compensatory damages as permitted by law;		
8	D.	For consequential damages as permitted by law;		
9	E.	For statutory damages as permitted by law;		
10	F.	For punitive damages as permitted by law;		
11	G.	For rescission;		
12	H.	For equitable relief, including restitution;		
13	I.	For restitutionary disgorgement of all profits Defendants obtained as a result of their		
14		unfair competition;		
15	J.	For interest as permitted by law;		
16	K.	For Declaratory Relief;		
17	L.	For reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and		
18	M.	M. For such other relief as is just and proper.		
19	DATED: Dec	rember 31, 2007	SPIRO MOSS BARNESS LLP	
20		I	By: /S/	
21			By: /S/ David M. Arbogast, Esq. 11377 W. Olympic Boulevard, Fifth Floor	
22			Los Angeles, CA 90064-1683 Phone: (310) 235-2468; Fax: (310) 235-2456	
23			Paul R. Kiesel, Esq.	
24			Patrick Deblase, Esq. Michael C. Eyerly, Esq.	
25			KIESEL BOUCHER LARSON LLP 8648 Wilshire Boulevard	
26			Beverly Hills, California 90210 Phone: (310) 854-4444; Fax: (310) 854-0812	
27				
28	///			
			-36-	

	Case 5.07-cv-04497-51 Document 24	1 lieu 12/31/2007 1 age 37 01 01
1	S	onathan Shub, Esq. EEGER WEISS LLP
2	P	515 Market Street, Suite 1380 hiladelphia, PA 19107
3	P	hone: (215) 564-2300; Fax (215) 851-8029
4	L	effrey K. Berns, Esq. AW OFFICES OF JEFFREY K. BERNS
5	T	9510 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200 arzana, California 91356
6		hone: (818) 961-2000; Fax: (818) 867-4820
7	Л	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, DOLORES MANDRIGUES, UANITA JONES, AL F. MINYEN and WILMA R.
8		INYEN, MARK CLAUSON and CHRISTINA CLAUSON, and all others Similarly Situated.
9		
10		R JURY TRIAL
11	Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial by jury to the	1
12	DATED: December 31, 2007	PIRO MOSS BARNESS LLP
13	By: _	/S/ Pavid M. Arbogast, Esq.
14	1	1377 W. Olympic Boulevard, Fifth Floor
15		os Angeles, CA 90064-1683 hone: (310) 235-2468; Fax: (310) 235-2456
16		aul R. Kiesel, Esq.
17	N	atrick Deblase, Esq. Iichael C. Eyerly, Esq. IIESEL BOUCHER LARSON LLP
18	8	648 Wilshire Boulevard
19		everly Hills, California 90210 hone: (310) 854-4444; Fax: (310) 854-0812
20	Jo	onathan Shub, Esq. EEGER WEISS LLP
21	1	515 Market Street, Suite 1380
22 23		hiladelphia, PA 19107 hone: (215) 564-2300; Fax (215) 851-8029
		effrey K. Berns, Esq. AW OFFICES OF JEFFREY K. BERNS
24	1	9510 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200
2526		arzana, California 91356 hone: (818) 961-2000; Fax: (818) 867-4820
27		attorneys for Plaintiffs, DOLORES MANDRIGUES, UANITA JONES, AL F. MINYEN and WILMA R.
28	N	MINYEN, MARK CLAUSON and CHRISTINA CLAUSON, and all others Similarly Situated.
		-37-
	CORRECTED SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT - C-07-	04497 JF (RS)

Exhibit No. 1

WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB

ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE NOTE

PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN

GDW AVERAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT RATE (COST OF SAVINGS) INDEX

THIS NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN MY INTEREST RATE, MY MONTHLY PAYMENT 'AND MY UMPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE. MY MONTHLY PAYMENT INCREASES, MY INTEREST RATE INCREASES AND MY PRINCIPAL BALANCE INCREASES ARE LIMITED. THIS NOTE IS SECURED BY A SECURITY INSTRUMENT OF THE SAME DATE.

LOAN NUMBER: 0043651850

DATE: August 4, 2006

BORROWER(S): DOLORES MANDRIGUES, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN sometimes called "Borrower" and sometimes simply called "I" or "me."

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 524 CESTARIC DR, MILPITAS, CA 95035-4006

1. BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY

In return for a loan that I have received, I promise to pay U.S. \$170,000.00, called "Principal," plus interest, to the order of the Lender. The Lender is WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, a FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, ITS SUCCESSORS AND/OR ASSIGNES, or anyone to whom this Note is transferred.

2. INTEREST

(A) Interest Rate

Interest will be charged on unpaid Principal until the full amount of Principal has been paid. I will pay interest at the yearly rate of 6.790%. The interest rate I will pay may change as described in this Section 2. Interest will be charged on the basis of a twelve month year and a thirty day month.

The interest rate required by this Section 2 is the rate I will pay both before and after any default described in Section 7(B) of this Note.

(B) Interest Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the 15th day of September, 2006 and on the same day every month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called an "interest Change Date." The new rate of interest will become effective on each interest Change Date.

(C) Interest Rate Limit

My lifetime maximum interest rate limit is 11.950%, called "Lifetime Rate Cap."

5D253A (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE



(D) Index

Beginning with the first interest Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an "Index." The Index is the weighted average of the interest rates in effect as of the last day of each calendar month on the deposit accounts of the federally insured depository institution subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") of Golden West Financial Corporation ("GDW"), as made available by GDW. Included in the deposit accounts for purposes of the Index calculation are all of the items and adjustments that GDW uses to calculate the line item currently called "cost of deposits" that appears in its quarterly and annual reports to shareholders as well as in other financial reports publicly distributed by GDW. The Index does not include deposit accounts owned by GDW or its Subsidiaries or other attiliates. The calculation of the index includes adjustments for the effects of financial instruments related to the deposit accounts and other adjustments determined by GDW in its sole discretion as appropriate to accurately reflect the weighted average of interest rates on the deposit accounts. If an index is substituted as described in Section 2(F) of this Note, the alternative index will become the Index. The most recent Index figure available on each Interest Change Date is called the "Current Index."

(E) Calculation of Interest Rate Changes

Lander will calculate my new interest rate by adding 2.850 percentage points, called the "Margin," to the Current Index, Subject to the limit stated in Section 2(C) above, the result of this calculation will be my new interest rate until the next interest Change Date.

If Lender falls to utilize the entire interest rate increase to which it is entitled under this Note on any interest Change Date by failing to add all or part of the allowable Margin to the Current Index, then Lender may add any such allowable Margin to the Current Index on any future interest Change Date, Lender may not, at a later date, "carryover" or add interest to which it is not entitled under this Note on any Interest Change Date.

(F) Alternative Index

The Lender may choose an alternative index to be the index if the index is no longer available. For purposes of this Section 2(F)the index is not "available" if: (a) the index is for any reason no longer published; or (b) the Lender, in its sole discretion, determines that the Index is calculated in a substantially different manner or based on substantially different information than at the time the Index became applicable to this Note; or (c) applicable laws or regulations prevent the Lender from using the Index to calculate interest under this Note. The selection of the alternative index shall be at Lender's sole discretion. The alternative index may be a national or regional index or another type of Index approved by the Lender's primary regulator. The Lender will give me notice of the alternative index.

3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payments

i will pay Principal and Interest by making payments every month.

I will make my monthly payments on the 15th day of each month beginning on September 15, 2005, I will make these payments every month until I have paid (i) all the Principal and interest; and (ii) any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note; and (iii) any charges that may be due under the Security Instrument. If, on August 15, 2036, I still owe amounts under this Mote, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will make my monthly payments at 1901 HARRISON STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94512 or at a different place if regulred by notice from the Lender.

(B) Amount of My Initial Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 628.36. This amount will change as described in Sections 3(C) and 3(D) below. My initial monthly payment amount was selected by me from a range of initial payment amounts approved by Lender and may not be sufficient to pay the entire amount of interest accruing on the unpaid Principal balance.

(C) Payment Change Dates

My monthly payment will change as required by Section 3(D) below beginning on the 15th day of September, 2007 and on that day every 12th month thereafter. Each of these dates is called a "Payment Change Date." My monthly payment will also change at any time Section 3(F) or 3(G) below requires me to pay a different amount.

I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment each month beginning on each Payment Change Date and as provided in Section 3(F) or 3(G) below.

(D) Calculation of Payment Changes

Subject to Sections 3(F) and 3(G), on the Payment Change Date my monthly payment may be changed to an amount sufficient to pay the unpaid principal balance, including any deferred interest as described in Section 3(E) below, by the Maturity Date. However, the amount by which my payment can be increased will not be more than 7-1/2% of the then existing Principal and interest payment. This 7-1/2% limitation is called the "Payment Cap." The Lender will perform this Payment Change calculation at least 60 but not more than 90 days before the Payment Change Date.

SD253B (2004-03-1) [B01 (2004-03-1)] COSE

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

(E) Deferred Interest; Additions to My Unpaid Principal

From time to time, my monthly payments may be insufficient to pay the total amount of monthly interest that is due. If this occurs, the amount of interest that is not paid each month, called "Deferred Interest," will be added to my Principal and will accrue interest at the same rate as the Principal.

(F) Limit on My Unpaid Principal; Increased Monthly Payment

My unpaid principal balance can never exceed 1.25% of the Principal I originally borrowed, called "Principal Balance Cap." If, as a result of the addition of deferred interest to my unpaid principal balance, the Principal Balance Cap limitation would be exceeded on the date that my monthly payment is due, I will instead pay a new monthly payment. Notwithstanding Sections 3(C) and 3(D) above, I will pay a new monthly payment which is equal to an amount that will be sufficient to repay my then unpaid principal balance in full on the Maturity Date at the Interest rate then in effect, in substantially equal payments.

(G) Payment Cap Limitation; Exceptions

Beginning with the 10th Payment Change Date and every 5th Payment Change Date thereafter, my monthly payment will be calculated as described in Section 3(D) above except that the Payment Cap limitation will not apply. Additionally, the Payment Cap limitation will not apply on the final Payment Change Date.

(H) Notice of Payment Changes

The Lender will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in the amount of my monthly payment, called "Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Date. The Payment Change Notice will include information required by law.

4. FAILURE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS

If for any reason Lender falls to make an adjustment to the interest rate or payment amount as described in this Note, regardless of any notice requirement, I agree that Lender may, upon discovery of such failure, then make the adjustments as if they had been made on time. I also agree not to hold Lender responsible for any damages to me which may result from Lender's failure to make the adjustment and to let the Lender, at its option, apply any excess monies which I may have paid to partial prepayment of unpaid Principal.

5. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. The Lender may require that any partial Prepayments be made on the date my regularly scheduled payments are due. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amount of my regularly scheduled payments unless the Lender agrees to those changes in writing. I may pay deferred interest on this Note at any time without charge and such payment will not be considered a "Prepayment" of Principal. During the first 3 years of the loan term if I make one or more Prepayments that, in the aggregate, exceed \$5,000 in any cakendar month, I must pay a prepayment charge equal to 2% of the amount such Prepayments exceed \$5,000 in that calendar month. After the first 3 years of the loan term, I may make a full or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge.

6. MAXIMUM LOAN CHARGES

If a law, which applies to this loan and which sets maximum loan charges, is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with this loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (ii) any sums already collected from me which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to me. The Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the Principal I owe under this Note or by making a direct payment to me. If a refund reduces Principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial Prepayment.

7. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY AS REQUIRED

(A) Late Charges for Overdue Payments

If the Lender has not received the full amount of any monthly payment by the end of 15 calendar days after the date it is due, I will pay a late charge to the Lender. The amount of the charge will be 5.00% of my overdue payment of Principal and interest. I will pay this late charge promptly but only once on each late payment.

SD253C (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

(B) Default

I will be in default if (i) I do not pay the full amount of each monthly payment on the date it is due; or (ii) I fall to perform any of my promises or agreements under this Note or the Security Instrument; or (iii) any statement made in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading or if any statement in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading by reason of my omission of certain facts; or (iv) I have made any other statement to Lender in connection with this loan that is materially false or misleading.

(C) Notice of Default

If I am in default, the Lender may send me a written notice, called "Notice of Default," telling me that if I do not pay the overdue amount by a certain date, the Lender may require me to pay immediately the amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the interest that I owe on that amount, plus any other amounts due under the Security Instrument.

(D) No Waiver by Lender

Even If, at a time when I am in default, the Lender does not require me to pay Immediately in full as described above, the Lender will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time.

(E) Payment of Lender's Costs and Expenses

The Lender will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses may include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me or any Borrower at 524 CESTARIC DR, MILPITAS, CA 95035-4006, or at a single alternative address if I give the Lender notice of my alternative address, I may give notice to Lender of a change in my address in writing or by calling Lender's customer service telephone number provided on my billing statement. I may designate only one mailing address at a time for notification purposes.

Except as permitted above for changes of address, any notice that must be given to the Lender under this Note will be given by mailing it by first class mail to the Lender at the address stated in Section 3(A) above or at a different address if I am given a notice of that different address.

9. OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who takes over these obligations is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Lender may enforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

10. WAIVERS

I and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of presentment and notice of dishonor. "Presentment" means the right to require the Lender to demand payment of amounts due, "Notice of Dishonor" means the right to require the Lender to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid.

11. SECURED NOTE - ACCELERATION

In addition to the protections given to the Lender under this Note, the Security Instrument dated the same date as this Note gives the Lender security against which it may proceed if I do not keep the promises which I made in this Note. That Security Instrument describes how and under what conditions I may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note and includes the following Paragraph 26:

AGREEMENTS ABOUT LENDER'S RIGHTS IF THE PROPERTY IS SOLD OR TRANSFERRED

Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured. Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if any right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. Lender also may, at its option, require immediate payment in full if Borrower is not a natural Person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. However, Lender shall not require immediate payment in full if this is prohibited by Federal Law in effect on the date of the Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender will give me notice of acceleration, if I fail to pay all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument Immediately, Lender may then or thereafter invoke any remediate permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice to or demand on me.

SD253D (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

Exception to Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, if the sale or transfer of all or any part of the Property, or of a beneficial interest in Borrower, if Borrower is not a natural Person, is the first one to occur after the date of this Security Instrument, Lender will not exercise the option to accelerate payment in full of all Sums Secured and the loan may be assumed if:

- (i) Lender receives a completed written application from transferee to evaluate the creditworthiness of transferee as it a new toan were being made to the transferee by Lender;
 - (ii) Lender approves the creditworthiness of the transferee in writing;
 - (III) transferee makes a cash downpayment sufficient to meet Lender's then current underwriting standards;
- (iv) an assumption fee, in an amount to be determined by Lender (but not to exceed 1% of the balance of Principal and interest due under the Secured Notes at the time of sale or transfer of the Property or of the Interest in the Borrower) is paid to Lender; and
 - (v) the transferee executes an assumption agreement which is satisfactory to Lender.

The loan may be assumed under its then existing terms and conditions with one exception; the Lifetime Rate Cap may be changed. The Lifetime Rate Cap shall be changed to an interest rate which is the sum of the interest rate in effect on the date of a sale or transfer of the Property or beneficial interest in Borrower plus 5 percentage points, if that sum exceeds the Lifetime Rate Cap stated in the Secured Notes.

12. GOVERNING LAW: SEVERABILITY

This Note shall be governed by and construed under federal law and federal rules and regulations including those for federally chartered savings institutions, called "Federal Law." In the event that any of the terms or provisions of this Note are interpreted or construed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be void, invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall affect only those provisions so construed or interpreted and shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Note.

13. CLERICAL ERRORS

In the event the Lender at any time discovers that this Note or the Security instrument or any other document related to this loan, called collectively the "Lean Documents," contains an error which was caused by a clerical mistake, calculation error, computer error, printing error or similar error, I agree, upon notice from the Lender, to reexecute any Loan Documents that are necessary to correct any such error(s) and I also agree that I will not hold the Lender responsible for any damage to me which may result from any such error.

14. LOST, STOLEN OR MUTILATED DOCUMENTS

If any of the Loan Documents are lost, stolen, mutilated or destroyed and the Lender delivers to me an indemnification in my favor, signed by the Lender, then I will sign and deliver to the Lender a Loan Document identical in form and content which will have the effect of the original for all purposes.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK; SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS.

0043651850

SIGNATURE PAGE

MOTICE TO BORROWER(S):

BY SIGNING THIS NOTE YOU AGREE TO PAY A PREPAYMENT CHARGE IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. PLEASE CAREFULLY READ THIS ENTIRE NOTE (INCLUDING THE PREPAYMENT PROVISION) BEFORE YOU SIGN IT.

WITNESS THE HAND(S) AND SEAL(S) OF THE UNDERSIGNED

(PLEASE SIGN YOUR NAME EXACTLY AS IT APPEARS BELOW)

BORROWER(S):

(Seal)

DOLORES MANDRIGUES

SD253 (2004-03-1)

[W14 (2004-03-01)]

Page 6 of 6

CA.

WORLD SAVINGS | FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY REGULATION Z

Customer's Name: DOLORES MANDRIGUES Date: July 24, 2006 Loan No.: 0043651850

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE	FINANCE CHARGE	Amount Financed	Total of Payments	Total Sale Price
RATE The cost of your credit as a yearly rate.	The dollar amount the credit will cost you.	The amount of credit provided to you or on your behalf.	The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled.	The total price of your purchase on credit including your down payment of
				Not Applicable
6.853%	\$283,991.46	\$ 167,713.28	\$ 451,704.74	Not Applicable
And the second s		l	l	<u> </u>

Your payment schedule will be:	 	
Number of Payments	Amount of Payments	When Payments are Due: MONTHLY beginning on
1.2	\$ 628.36	10/01/06
12	675.49	10/01/07
12	726.15	10/01/08
12	780,61	10/01/09
12	839.16	10/01/10
12	902.10	10/01/11
12	969.76	10/01/12
12	1,042.49	10/01/13
12	1,120.68	10/01/14
12	1,204.73	10/01/15
239	1,437.64	10/01/16
1	1,434.42	09/01/36

VARIABLE RATE: THIS LOAN CONTAINS AN ADJUSTABLE RATE FEATURE. SEE THE ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PREVIOUSLY GIVEN TO YOU.

This loan DOES NOT HAVE A DEMAND FEATURE.

Insurance: You may obtain property insurance from anyone you want who is acceptable to the Lender.

You are giving a security interest in the real property located at 524 CESTARIC DR, MILPITAS, CA Security: 95035-4006.

Filing Fees: \$ 80.00

Late Charge: If a payment is late, you will be charged 5.00% of the payment.

Prepayment: If you pay off the loan early, you MAX have to pay a penalty and you WILL NOT be entitled to a refund of ANY

PART OF THE FINANCE CHARGE ALREADY PAID.

Assumption: SOMEONE BUYING YOUR HOUSE CAN ASSUME THE REMAINDER OF THE LOAN UNDER CERTAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS. TERMS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM YOUR ORIGINAL TERMS - SEE

YOUR ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

Due on Sale: If the property securing the loan is sold or transferred to anyone without first obtaining Lender's written consent, all

sums owed could become immediately due and payable. In this event failure to pay all the sums declared due and payable may result in the forced sale of the property.

See your Contract documents for additional information about non-payment, default, any required repayment in full before the scheduled date and other important terms and conditions of your loan.

ALL NUMERICAL DISCLOSURES EXCEPT THE LATE PAYMENT DISCLOSURE ARE ESTIMATED.

By signing below, you acknowledge that you received a copy of this FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE.

DOLORES MANDRIGUES

Date

CA 2 COPIES-FILE

LENDER'S USE ONLY

Exhibit No. 2

WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB

ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE NOTE

PICK-A-PAYMENT^{5m} LOAN

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT INDEX

THIS NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN MY INTEREST RATE, MY MONTHLY PAYMENT AND MY UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE, MY MONTHLY PAYMENT INCREASES, MY INTEREST RATE INCREASES AND MY PRINCIPAL BALANCE INCREASES ARE LIMITED. THIS NOTE IS SECURED BY A SECURITY INSTRUMENT OF THE SAME DATE.

LOAN NUMBER: 0044892941

DATE: January 9, 2007

45 250

BORROWER(S): JUANITA JONES, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN sometimes called "Borrower" and sometimes simply called "I" or "me."

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 10719 MONA BLVD, LOS ANGELES, CA 90059-1426

1. BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY

In return for a loan that I have received, I promise to pay U.S. \$248,500.00, called "Principal," plus interest, to the order of the Lender. The Lender is WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, a FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, ITS SUCCESSORS AND/OR ASSIGNEES, or anyone to whom this Note is transferred.

2. INTEREST

(A) Interest Rate

Interest will be charged on unpaid Principal until the full amount of Principal has been paid. I will pay interest at the yearly rate of 7.681%. The interest rate I will pay may change as described in this Section 2. Interest will be charged on the basis of a twelve month year and a thirty day month.

The interest rate required by this Section 2 is the rate I will pay both before and after any datauit described in Section 7(B) of this Note.

(B) Interest Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the 1st day of March, 2007 and on the same day every month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called an "Interest Change Date." The new rate of interest will become effective on each interest Change Date.

(C) Interest Rate Limit

My lifetime maximum interest rate limit to 11.950%, called "Lifetime Rate Cap."



LOAN NUMBER: 0044892941

DATE: January 9, 2007

BORROWER(S): JUANITA JONES, AN UNMARRIED WOMAN cometimes called "Borrower" and cometimes simply called "" or "me."

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 10719 MONA BLVD, LOS ANGELES, CA 90059-1426

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2. INTEREST

(A) Interest Rate

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The interest rate required by this Section 2 is the rate I will pay both before and after any default described in Section 7(B) of this Note.

(B) Interest Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the 1st day of March, 2007 and on the same day every month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called an "interest Change Date." The new rate of interest will become effective on each interest Change Date.

(C) Interest Rate Limit

SD253A (2008-09-2)

My lifatima maximum interest rate limit is 11.950%, called "Lifetime Rate Cap."

ADJUSTABLE PICK-A-PAYMENT NOTE

Page 1

CA

C O 1

(D) Index

Beginning with the first interest Change Date, my interest rate will be besed on an "index". The Index is the average of the last twelve calendar months' most recently published monthly yields on 3-month certificates of deposit (secondary market) as published by the Federal Reserve Boerd. Lender will calculate the average by adding the twelve most recently published yields together and dividing the result by twelve. Lander will round the result of this division to the nearest one-thousandth of one percentage point (0.001%) by using the following convention: if the value of the 10,000th place is five or greater, the value of the 1,000th place will round up; if the value of the 10,000th place is less than five, the 1,000th placa will not change. Tha most racant index figure available on each interest Change Date is called the "Current Index". For purposes of determining the Index, "published" means first made available to the public by the Federal Reserve Soard.

(E) Calculation of Interest Rate Changes

Lender will calculate my new interest rate by adding 2.600 percentage points, called the "Margin," to the Current Index. Subject to the limit stated in Section 2(C) above, the result of this calculation will be my new interest rate until the next interest Change Date.

If Lender fails to utilize the entire interest rate increase to which it is entitled under this Note on any interest Change Date by failing to add all or part of the allowable Margin to the Current Index, then Lender may add any such allowable Margin to the Current Index on any future Interest Change Date. Lender may not, at a later date, "carryover" or add Interest to which it is not entitled under this Note on any interest Change Data.

(F) Alternative Index

The Lender may choose an alternative index to be the Index if the Index is no longer available. For purposes of this Section 2(F), the Index is not "available" if: (a) the Index is for any reason no longer published; or (b) the Lender, in its sole discretion, determines that the index is calculated in a substantially different manner or based on substantially different information than at the time the index became applicable to this Note; or (c) applicable laws or regulations prevent the Lender from using the Index to calculate interest under this Note. The selection of the alternative index shell be at Lander's sole discretion. The alternative index may be a national or regional index or another type of index approved by the Lender's primary regulator. The Lender will give me notice of the alternative index.

3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payments

I will pay Principal and interest by making payments every month.

I will make my monthly payments on the 1st day of each month beginning on March 1, 2007. I will make these payments every month until I have paid (i) all the Principal and Interest; end (ii) any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note; and (iii) any charges that may be due under the Security Instrument. If, on February 1, 2037, I still owe amounts under this Note, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will make my monthly peyments et 1901 HARRISON STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612 or at a different place if required by notice from the Lender.

(B) Amount of My Initial Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly paymenta will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 918.51. This amount will change as described in Sections 3(C) and 3(D) below. My initial monthly payment amount was selected by me from a range of initial payment amounts approved by Lender and may not be sufficient to pay the entire amount of interest accruing on the unpaid Principal balance.

(C) Payment Change Dates

My monthly payment will change as required by Section 3(D) below beginning on the 1st day of March, 2008 and on that day every 12th month thereafter. Each of these dates is called a "Payment Change Date," My monthly payment will also change at any time Section 3(F) or 3(G) below requires me to pay a different amount.

I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment each month beginning on each Payment Chance Date and as provided to

(E) Calculation of Interest Rate Changes

Case and a first colour and the first colour and the first colour and the first stated in Section 2(C) above, the suit of this calculation will be my new interest rate unless that the next interest Change Date.

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3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payments

I will pay Principal and interest by making payments every month.

I will make my monthly payments on the 1st day of each month beginning on March 1, 2007. I will make these payments every month until I have paid (i) all the Principal and interest; and (ii) any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note; and (iii) any charges that may be due under the Security Instrument. If, on Fabruary 1, 2037, I still owe amounts under this Note, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will make my monthly payments at 1901 HARRISON STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612 or et a different place if required by notice from the Lender.

(B) Amount of My Initial Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 918.51. This amount will change as described in Sections 3(C) and 3(D) below. My initial monthly payment amount was selected by me from a range of initial payment amounts approved by Lender and may not be sufficient to pay the antire amount of interest accruing on the unpaid Principal belance.

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I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment each month beginning on each Payment Change Date and as provided in Section 3(F) or 3(G) below.

(D) Calculation of Payment Changes

Subject to Sections 3(F) and 3(G), on the Payment Change Date my monthly payment may be changed to an amount sufficient to pay the unpaid principal balance, including any deferred interest as described in Section 3(E) below, by the Maturity Date. However, the amount by which my payment can be increased will not be more than 7-1/2% of the then existing Principal and interest payment. This 7-1/2% limitation is called the "Payment Cap." The Lender will perform this Payment Change calculation at least 60 but not more than 90 days before the Payment Change Date.

SD253B (2006-09-2) [B02 (2006-09-2)] ADJUSTABLE PICK-A-PAYMENT NOTE CA CODI Page 2

(E) Deferred Interest; Additions to My Unpaid Principal

From time to time, my monthly payments may be insufficient to pay the total amount of monthly interest that is due. If this occurs, the amount of interest that is not paid each month, called "Deferred Interest," will be added to my Principal and will accrue interest at the same rate as the Principal

(F) Limit on My Unpaid Principal; Increased Monthly Payment

My unpaid principal balance can never exceed 125% of the Principal I originally borrowed, called "Principal Balance Cap." If, as a result of the addition of deferred interest to my unpaid principal balance, the Principal Balance Cap limitation would be exceeded on the date that my monthly payment is due, I will instead pay a new monthly payment. Notwithstanding Sections 3(C) and 3(D) above, I will pay a new monthly payment which is equal to an amount that will be sufficient to repay my then unpaid principal balance in full on the Maturity Date at the interest rate then in effect, in substantially equal payments.

(G) Payment Cap Limitation; Exceptions

Beginning with the 10th Payment Change Date and every 5th Payment Change Date thereafter, my monthly payment will be calculated as described in Section 3(D) above except that the Payment Cap limitation will not apply. Additionally, the Payment Cap limitation will not apply on the final Payment Change Date.

(H) Notice of Payment Changes

The Lender will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in the amount of my monthly payment, called "Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Date. The Payment Change Notice will include information required by law.

4. FAILURE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS

If for any reason Lender fella to make an adjostment to the Interest rate or payment amount as described in this Note, regardless of any notice requirement, I agree that Lender may, upon discovery of such fellure, then make the adjustments as if they had been made on time, I also agree not to hold Lender reaponable for any damagea to me which may result from Lender's failure to make the adjustment and to let the Lender, at its option, apply any excess monles which I may have paid to partial prepayment of unpaid Principal.

5. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. The Lender may require that any partial Prepayments be made on the date my regularly scheduled payments are due. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amount of my regularly scheduled payments unless the Lender agrees to those changes in writing. I may pay deferred interest on this Note at any time without charge and such payment will not be considered a "Prepayment" of Principal. During the first 3 years of the loan term if I make one or more Prepayments that, in the aggregate, exceed \$5,000 in any calendar month, I must pay a prepayment charge equal to 2% of the amount such Prepayments exceed \$5,000 in that calendar month. After the first 3 years of the loan term, I may make a full or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge.

6. MAXIMUM LOAN CHARGES

If a law, which applies to this loen and which sets maximum loan charges, is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan

the Maturity Date at the interest rate then in effect, in substentially equal payments.

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Beginning with the 10th Payment Change Date and every 5th Payment Change Date thereafter, my monthly payment will be calculated as described in Section 3(D) above except that the Payment Cap limitation will not apply on the final Payment Change Date.

(H) Notice of Payment Changes

The Lender will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in the amount of my monthly payment, called "Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Date. The Payment Change Notice will include information required by law.

4. FAILURE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS

If for any reason Lender falls to make an adjustment to the interest rate or payment amount as described in this Note, regardless of any notice requirement, I agree that Lender may, upon discovery of such fallure, then make the adjustments as if they had been made on time. I also agree not to hold Lender responsible for any damages to me which may result from Lender's failure to make the adjustment and to let the Lender, at its option, apply any excess monies which I may have paid to partial prepayment of unpaid Principal.

6. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. The Lender may require that any partial Prepayments be made on the date my regularly scheduled payments are due. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amount of my regularly scheduled payments unless the Lender agrees to those changes in writing. I may pay deferred interest on this Note at any time without charge and such payment will not be considered a "Prepayment" of Principal. During the first 3 years of the loan term if I make one or more Prepayments that, in the aggregate, exceed \$5,000 in any calendar month, I must pay a prepayment charge equal to 2% of the amount such Prepayments exceed \$5,000 in that calendar month. After the first 3 years of the loan term, I may make a full or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge.

6. MAXIMUM LOAN CHARGES

If a law, which applies to this loan and which sets maximum loan charges, is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with this loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (ii) any sums already collected from me which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to me. The Lander may choose to make this refund by reducing the Principal I owe under this Note or by making a direct payment to me. If a refund reduces Principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial Prepayment.

7. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY AS REQUIRED

(A) Late Charges for Overdue Payments

If the Lender has not received the full amount of any monthly payment by the end of **15** calendar days after the date it is due, I will pay a late charge to the Lender. The amount of the charge will be **5.00%** of my diverdue payment of Principal and interest. I will pay this late charge promptly but only once on each late payment.

SD253C (2006-09-2)

ADJUSTABLE PICK-A-PAYMENT NOTE

CA

Page 3

(B) Default

I will be in default if (i) I do not pay the full amount of each monthly payment on the date it is due; or (ii) I fail to perform any of my promises or agreements under this Note or the Security Instrument; or (iii) any statement made in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading or if any statement in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading by reason of my omission of certain facts; or (iv) I have made any other statement to Lender in connection with this loan that is materially false or misleading

(C) Notice of Default

if I am in defeuit, the Lender may send me a written notice, called "Notice of Default," telling me that if I do not pay the overdue amount by a certain date, the Lender may require me to pay immediately the amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the interest that I owe on that amount, plus any other amounts due under the Security Instrument.

(D) No Walver by Lender

Even if, at a time when I am in default, the trender does not require me to pay immediately in full as described above, the Lender will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time.

(E) Payment of Lender's Costs and Expenses

The Lender will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses may include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs,

Unless applicable taw requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me or eny Borrower at 10719 MONA BLVD, LOS ANGELES, CA 90059-1426, or at a single alternative address if I give the Lender notice of my alternative address. I may give notice to Lender of a change in my address in writing or by calling Lender's customer service telephone number provided on my billing statement. I may designate only one mailing address at a time for notification purposes.

Except as permitted above for changes of address, any notice that must be given to the Lender under this Note will be given by mailing it by first class mail to the Lender at the address stated in Section 3(A) above or at a different address if I am given a notice of that different address.

OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who takes over these obligations is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Lender may anforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

10. WAIVERS

I and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of presentment and notice of dishonor. "Presentment" means the right to require the Lender to demand payment of amounts due. "Notice of Dishonor" means the right to require the Lender to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid.

11. SECURED NOTE - ACCELERATION

In addition to the protections given to the Lender under this Note, the Security Instrument dated the same date as this Note gives the Lender security against which it may proceed if I do not keep the promises which I made in this Note. That Security Instrument describes how and under what conditional may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note and includes the following Paragraph 26:

AGREEMENTS ABOUT LENDER'S RIGHTS IF THE PROPERTY IS SOLD OR TRANSFERRED

Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if any right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. Lender also may, at its option, require immediate payment in full if Aprrower is not

amount by a certain date, the Lender may require me to pay immediately the amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the

Case 5:07-cv-044997-phs any other amounts due under the security internet 2/31/2007 Page 54 of 81

(D) No Waiver by Lender

Even if, at a time when I am in default, the Lender does not require me to pay immediately in full as described above, the Lender will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time.

(E) Payment of Lender's Costs and Expenses

The Lender will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses may include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me or any Borrower at 10719 MONA BLVD, LOS ANGELES, CA 90059-1426, or at a single alternative address if I give the Lender notice of my alternative address. I may give notice to Lender of a change in my address in writing or by calling Lender's customer service telephone number provided on my billing statament. I may designate only one mailing address at a time for notification purposes.

Except as permitted above for changes of address, any notice that must be given to the Lander under this Note will be given by mailing it by first class mail to the Lender at the address stated in Section 3(A) above or at a different address if 1 am given a notice of that different address

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If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who takes over these obligations is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Lender may enforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

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AGREEMENTS ABOUT LENDER'S RIGHTS IF THE PROPERTY IS SOLD OR TRANSFERRED

Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all Sums Secured by this Security instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if any right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. Lender also may, at its option, require immediate payment in full if Borrower is not a natural Person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. However, Lender shall not require immediate payment in full if this is prohibited by Federal Law in effect on the date of the Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender will give me notice of acceleration. If I fall to pay all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument immediately, Lender may then or thereafter invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice to or demand on me.

SD253D (2006-09-2)

ADJUSTABLE PICK-A-PAYMENT NOTE

Exception to Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, if the sale or transfer of all or any part of the Property, or of a beneficial interest in Borrower, if Borrower is not a natural Person, is the first one to occur after the date of this Security instrument, Lender will not exercise the option to accelerate payment in full of all Sums Secured and the loan may be assumed if:

- (I) Lender receives a completed written application from transferee to evaluate the creditworthiness of transferee as if a new loan were being made to the transferee by Lender;
 - (ii) Lender approves the creditworthiness of the transferee in writing:
 - (iii) transferse makes a cash downpayment sufficient to meet Lender's then current underwriting standards;
- (iv) an assumption fee, in an amount to be determined by Lender (but not to exceed 1% of the balance of Principal and interest due under the Secured Notes at the time of sale or transfer of the Property or of the interest in the Borrower) is paid to Lender; and
 - (v) the transferee executes an assumption agreement which is satisfectory to Lender.

The loan may be assumed under its then existing terms and conditions with one exception; the Lifetime Rate Cap may be changed. The Lifetime Rate Cap shall be changed to an interest rate which is the sum of the interest rate in effect on the date of a sale or transfer of the Proparty or beneficial interest in Borrower plus 5 percentage points, if that sum exceeds the Lifetime Rate Cap stated in the Secured Notes.

12. GOVERNING LAW; SEVERABILITY

This Note shall be governed by and construed under federal law and federal rules and regulations including those for federally chartered savings institutions, called "Federal Law." in the event that any of the terms or provisions of this Note are interpreted or construed by a court of competent juriediction to be void, invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall affect only those provisions so construed or interpreted and shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Note.

13. CLERICAL ERRORS

In the event the Lender at any time discovers that this Note or the Security Instrument or any other document related to this loan, called collectively the "Loan Documents," contains an error which was caused by a clerical mistake, calculation error, computer error, printing error or similar error, I agree, upon notice from the Lender, to reexecute any Loan Documents that are necessary to correct any such error(s) and I also agree that I will not hold the Lander responsible for any damage to me which may result from any such error.

14. LOST, STOLEN OR MUTILATED DOCUMENTS

If any of the Loan Documents are lost, stolen, mutileted or destroyed and the Lender delivers to me an indemnification in my fevor, signed by the Lender, then I will sign and deliver to the Lender a Loan Document Identical in form and content which will have the effect of the original for all purposes.

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- (iv) an assumption fee, in an amount to be determined by Lender (but not to exceed 1% of the balance of Principal and interest due under the Secured Notes at the time of sale or transfer of the Property or of the interest in the Borrower) is paid to Lender; and
 - (v) the transferee executes an assumption agreement which is satisfactory to Lender.

The loan may be assumed under its then existing terms and conditions with one exception; the Lifetime Rate Cap may be changed. The Lifetime Rate Cap shall be changed to an interest rate which is the aum of the interest rate in effect on the date of a sale or transfer of the Property or beneficial interest in Borrower plus 5 percentage points, if that aum exceeds the Lifetime Rate Cap stated in the Secured Notes.

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13. CLERICAL ERRORS.

SD253E (2006-09-2)

In the event the Lender at any time discovers that this Note or the Security Instrument or any other document related to this loen, called collectively the "Loan Documents," contains an error which was caused by a clerical mistake, calculation stror, computer error, printing error or similar error, I agree, upon notice from the Lander, to respect the strong Documents that are necessary to correct any such error(s) and I also agree that I will not hold the Lender responsible for any damage to me which may result from any such error.

14. LOST, STOLEN OR MUTILATED DOCUMENTS

If any of the Loan Documents are lost, atolen, mutilated or destroyed and the Lender delivers to me an indemnification in my favor, signed by the Lender, then I will sign and deliver to the Lender a Loan Document identical in form and content which will have the effect of the original for all purposes.

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ADJUSTABLE PICK-A-PAYMENT NOTE

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WORLD SAVINGS

FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY REGULATION Z

Customer's Name
JUANITA JONES

Date. January 9, 2007 Loan No : 0044892941

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE	FINANCE CHARGE	Amount Financed	Total of Payments	Total Sale Price
RATE The cost of your credit as a yearly rate	The dollar amount the credit will cost you	The arnount of credit provided to you or on your behalf.	The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled.	The total price of your purchase on credit including your down payment of
				Not Applicable
7.877 %	\$ 522,053.21	\$ 241,656.99	\$763,710.20	Not Applicable

Your payment schedule will be:

Number of Payments	Amount of Payments	When Payments are Due:
		MONTHLY beginning on
12	\$ 918.51	03/01/07
12	987.40	03/01/08
12	1,061.45	03/01/09
12	1,141.06	03/01/10
12	1,226.64	03/01/11
12	1,318.64	03/01/12
12	1,417.54	03/01/13
12	1,523.86	03/01/14
12	1,638.15	03/01/15
9	1,761.01	03/01/16
242	2,522.89	12/01/16
1	2,522.73	02/01/37

VARIABLE RATE: THIS LOAN CONTAINS AN ADJUSTABLE RATE FEATURE. SEE THE ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PREVIOUSLY GIVEN TO YOU.

This loan DOES NOT HAVE A DEMAND FEATURE.

Insurance. You may obtain property insurance from anyone you want who is acceptable to the Lender

Security: You are giving a security interest in the real property located at 10719 MONA BLVD, LOS ANGELES, CA

90059-1426.

Filing Fees \$.00

Late Charge If a payment is late, you will be charged 5.00% of the payment

Prepayment. If you pay off the loan early, you MAY have to pay a penalty and you WILL NOT be entitled to a refund of ANY PART OF THE FINANCE CHARGE ALREADY PAID.

Assumption: SOMEONE BUYING YOUR HOUSE CAN ASSUME THE REMAINDER OF THE LOAN UNDER CERTAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS. TERMS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM YOUR ORIGINAL TERMS - SEE YOUR ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

Due on Sale if the property securing the loan is sold or transferred to anyone without first obtaining Lender's written consent, all sums owed could become immediately due and payable. In this event failure to pay all the sums declared due and payable may require the

SIGNATURE PAGE

NOTICE TO BORROWER(S):

BY SIGNING THIS NOTE YOU AGREE TO PAY A PREPAYMENT CHARGE IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. PLEASE CAREFULLY READ THIS ENTIRE NOTE (INCLUDING THE PREPAYMENT PROVISION) BEFORE YOU SIGN IT.

WITNESS THE HAND(8) AND SEAL(S) OF THE UNDERSIGNED

(PLEASE SIGN YOUR NAME EXACTLY AS IT APPEARS BELOW)

BORROWER(S):

(Seal)

JUANITA JONES

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WORLD SAVINGS

PREPAYMENT FEATURE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

LOAN NUMBER: 0044892941

DATE: 01/09/07

LOAN PROGRAM: ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE

PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN

BORROWER(S):
JUANITA JONES

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 10719 MONIA BLVD LOS ANGELES, CA 90059-1426

You have selected a loan program that includes a prepayment fee provision. The following is the prepayment fee provision that will appear in your loan documents:

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. The Lender may require that any partial Prepayments be made on the date my regularly scheduled payments are due. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amount of my regularly scheduled payments unless the Lender agrees to those changes in writing. I may pay deferred interest on this Note at any time without charge and such payment will not be considered a "Prepayment" of Principal. During the first 3 years of the loan term if I make one or more Prepayments that, in the aggregate, exceed \$5,000 in any calendar month, I must pay a prepayment charge equal to 2% of the amount such Prepayments exceed \$5,000 in that calendar month. After the first 3 years of the loan term, I may make a full or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge.

By signing below, I/we acknowledge and agree that:

- As a federally chartered savings institution acting in accordance with the federal laws and regulations governing federally chartered savings institutions, WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, ITS SUCCESSORS AND OR ASSIGNEES, has an enforceable legal right to the prepayment fee described above, even if there is a state or local law to the contrary.
- The prepayment fee provision written above constitutes the entire prepayment fee provision that will appear in my/our Note and supersedes any other written or oral discussion to the contrary.
- 3. The fact that there is a prepayment fee provision is disclosed on the enclosed Truth-in-Lending Disclosure.
- I/We have been given an opportunity to discuss the prepayment fee provision with a Loan Representative and I/we
 fully understand it.
- If I/we select a different loan program subsequent to the date of this Acknowledgement, World will provide a new Acknowledgement that will supersede this and other forms related to the above named loan program. This Acknowledgement supersedes any previous Acknowledgement given to me/us.
- 6. I/We have received a copy of this form.

Exhibit No. 3

WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB

ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE NOTE PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN

GDW AVERAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT RATE (COST OF SAVINGS) INDEX

BIWEEKLY PAYMENT

THIS NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN MY INTEREST RATE, MY BIWEEKLY PAYMENT AND MY UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE. MY BIWEEKLY PAYMENT INCREASES, MY INTEREST RATE INCREASES AND MY PRINCIPAL BALANCE INCREASES ARE LIMITED. THIS NOTE IS SECURED BY A SECURITY INSTRUMENT OF THE SAME DATE.

LOAN NUMBER 0040361222

DATE May 26, 2005

BORROWER(S) AL F. MINYEN AND WILMA R. MINYEN, HUSBAND AND WIFE AND AL F. MINYEN AND WILMA R. MINYEN, TRUSTORS(S) AND TRUSTEES(S) OF THE MINYEN FAMILY TRUST, DATED MARCH 26, 1998 sometimes called "Borrower" and sometimes simply called "I" or "me "

PROPERTY ADDRESS 2251 CYPRESS AVE. SAN PABLO, CA 94806-1058

BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY

In return for a loan that I have received, I promise to pay U.S. \$343,000.00, called "Principal," plus interest, to the order of the Lender The Lender is WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, a FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, , its successors AND/OR ASSIGNEES, or anyone to whom this Note is transferred

INTEREST

(A) Interest Rate

Interest will be charged on unpaid Principal until the full amount of Principal has been paid. I will pay interest at the yearly rate of 5.190%. The interest rate may change as described in this Section 2. Interest will be charged on the basis of a 364-day year, divided into 26 segments of two weeks each

The interest rate required by this Section 2 is the rate I will pay both before and after any default described in Section 7(B) of this Note

(B) Interest Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the 18th day of July, 2005 and on every other Monday thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called an "interest Change Date". The new rate of interest will become effective on each Interest Change Date

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BIMEEKLYARM Page 1

CA

LENDER'S USE ONLY

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(C) Interest Rate Limit

My lifetime maximum interest rate limit is 11.950% called "Lifetime Rate Cap."

(D) Index

Beginning with the first interest Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an "Index". The Index is the weighted average of the interest rates in effect as of the last day of each calendar month on the deposit accounts of the federally insured depository institution subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") of Golden West Financial Corporation ("GDW"), as made available by GDW Included in the deposit accounts for purposes of the Index calculation are all of the items and adjustments that GDW uses to calculate the line item currently called "cost of deposits" that appears in its quarterly and annual reports to sharelders as well as in other financial reports publicly distributed by GDW. The Index does not include deposit accounts owned by GDW or its Subsidiaries or other affiliates. The calculation of the index includes adjustments for the effects of financial instruments related to the deposit accounts and other adjustments determined by GDW in its sole discretion as appropriate to accurately reflect the weighted average of interest rates on the deposit accounts if an index is substituted as described in Section 2(F) of this Note, the alternative index will become the Index. The most recent index figure available on each Interest Change Date is called the "Current Index."

(E) Calculation of Interest Rate Changes

Lender will calculate my new interest rate by adding 2.800 percentage points, called the "Margin," to the Current Index Subject to the limit stated in Section 2(C) above, the result of this calculation will be my new "Interest Rate" until the next Interest Change Date

If Lender fails to utilize the entire interest rate increase to which it is entitled under this Note on any Interest Change Date by failing to add all or part of the allowable Margin to the Current Index, then Lender may add any such allowable Margin to the Current Index on any future Interest Change Date Lender may not, at a later date, carryover or add interest to which it is not entitled under this Note on any interest Change Date.

(F) Alternative Index

The Lender may choose an alternative index to be the index if the index is no longer available. For purposes of this Section 2(F), the index is not "available" if (a) the index is for any reason no longer published, or (b) the Lender, in its sole discretion, determines that the index is calculated in a substantially different manner or based on substantially different information than at the time the index became applicable to this Note, or (c) applicable laws or regulations prevent the Lender from using the index to calculate interest under this Note. The selection of the alternative index shall be at Lender's sole discretion. The alternative index may be a national or regional index or another type of index approved by the Lender's primary regulator. The Lender will give me notice of the alternative index.

3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payments

I will pay Principal and interest by making payments every two weeks

i will make my first biweekly payment on **July 4**, 2005 and every other Monday thereafter. I will make these biweekly payments until I have paid (i) all the Principal and interest, and (ii) any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note, and (iii) any charges that may be due under the Security Instrument. If, on **June 20**, 2036, I still owe amounts under this Note, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will maintain a deposit account with Lender, or with a bank or savings and loan which has been approved by Lender, and keep sufficient funds in such deposit account to allow Lender to automatically withdraw my biweekly payment on each of the biweekly payment dates stated above. The sole purpose of the deposit account is to ensure payment of the biweekly payments on the due-date of each payment and I instruct and charge Lender to withdraw the amount of each biweekly payment from the deposit account on each due date without any further instructions from me.

(B) Amount of My Initial Biweekly Payments

Each of my initial biweekty payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 591.89. This amount will change as described in Sections 3(C) and 3(D) below. My initial biweekty payment amount was selected by me from a range of initial payment amounts approved by Lender and may not be sufficient to pay the entire amount of interest accruing on the unpaid Principal balance.

(C) Payment Change Dates

My breekly payment will change as required by Section 3(D) below beginning on the 3rd day of July, 2006 and every 52 weeks thereafter Each of these dates is called a "Payment Change Date". My breekly payment will also change at any time Section 3(F) or 3(G) below requires me to pay a different amount.

I will pay the amount of my new biweekly payment every other Monday beginning on each Payment Change Date and as provided in Section 3(F) or 3(G) below

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(D) Calculation of Payment Changes

Subject to Section 3(F) and 3(G), on the Payment Change Date my biweekly payment may be changed to an amount sufficient to pay the unpaid Principal balance, including any deferred interest as described in Section 3(E) below, by the "Modified Maturity Date". The Modified Maturity Date is the date on which this note will be paid after accounting for acceleration of the payment schedule resulting from biweekly payments rather than the monthly payment schedule used to calculate the Maturity Date described in Section 3(A) above. However, the amount by which my payment can be increased will not be more than 7-1/2% of the then existing Principal and interest payment. This 7-1/2% limitation is called the "Payment Cap." The Lender will perform this Payment Change calculation at least 50 but not more than 90 days before the Payment Change Date.

(E) Deferred Interest; Additions to My Unpaid Principal

From time to time, my biweekly payments may be insufficient to pay the total amount of biweekly interest that is due if this occurs, the amount of interest that is not paid each payment, called "Deferred interest," will be added to my Principal and will accrue interest at the same rate as the Principal

(F) Limit on My Unpaid Principal; Increased Biweekly Payment

My unpaid Principal balance can never exceed 125% of the Principal I originally borrowed, called "Principal Balanca Cap" if, as a result of the addition of Deferred Interest to my unpaid Principal balance, the Principal Balance Cap limitation would be exceeded on the date that my biweekly payment is due, I will instead pay a new biweekly payment. Notwithstanding Sections 3(C) and 3(D) above, I will pay a new biweekly payment which is equal to an amount that will be sufficient to repay my then unpaid Principal balance in full on the Maturity Date at the interest rate then in effect, in substantially equal payments

(G) Payment Cap Limitation; Exceptions

Beginning with the 10th Payment Change Date and every 5th Payment Change Date thereafter, my biweekly payment will be calculated as described in Section 3(D) above except that the Payment Cap limitation will not apply Additionally, the Payment Cap limitation will not apply on the final Payment Change Date

(H) Notice of Payment Changes

The Lender will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in the amount of my baveekly payment, called "Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Notice will include information required by law

4. FAILURE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS

If for any reason Lender fails to make an adjustment to the interest rate or payment amount as described in this Note, regardless of any notice requirement, I agree that Lender may, upon discovery of such failure, then make the adjustments as if they had been made on time I also agree not to hold Lender responsible for any damages to me which may result from Lender's failure to make the adjustment and to let the Lender, at its option, apply any excess monies which I may have paid to partial prepayment of unpaid Principal.

6 BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. I may make a full Prepayment or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amounts of my payments unless the Lender agrees in writing to those changes. My partial Prepayment may reduce the amount of my payments after the first Payment Change Date following my partial Prepayment.

6. MAXIMUM LOAN CHARGES

If a law which applies to this loan and which sets maximum loan charges is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with this loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit, and (ii) any sums already collected from me which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to me. The Lender may choose to make this refund by rectuoing the Principal I own under this Note or by making a direct payment to me. If a refund reduces Principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial Prepayment.

7. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY AS REQUIRED

(A) Late Charges for Overdue Payments

If the Lander has not received the full amount of any beweekly payment by the end of 15 calendar days after the date it is due, I will pay a late charge to the Lander. The amount of the charge will be 5.00 % of my overdue payment of Principal and interest I will pay this late charge promptly but only once on each late payment.

(B) Default

I will be in default if (i) I do not pay the full amount of each biweekly payment on the date it is due, or (ii) I fail to perform any of my promises or agreements under this Note or the Security Instrument, or (iii) any statement made in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading or if any statement in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading by reason of my omission of certain facts, or (iv) I have made any other statement to Lender in connection with this loan that is materially false or misleading

(C) Default - Change to Monthly Payments

If I fail to have sufficient funds in my deposit account to make my biweekly payment on the date my biweekly payment is due on two occasions in any 12 month period or four occasions any time prior to the Maturity Date or if a gernishment, attachment or seizure is made of or against my deposit account, then I will be in default and Lender will have a right, but not a duty, to change my loan to one with payments due monthly instead of biweekly. If the Lender chooses to change my loan to one with payments due monthly, Lender will provide me with written notice of the change at least 30 days in advance of the date the first monthly payment is due. This notice will also specify the amount of the monthly payment and the date the first monthly payment is due. In such event, interest on the loan balance from the lest date interest was paid to the first date of the month precading the date the first monthly payment is due will be added to my loan balance. The amount of the first monthly payment will be determined without regard to the 7-1/2% change in amount of payment cap set forth in Section 3(0) above.

I understand that I may voluntarily change the payment mode from biweekly to monthly at any time by giving written notice to Lender at least 60 days in advance of the date on which I wish the change to take effect (if I give Lender such notice). Lender will then provide me with written notice of the amount of the monthly payment and the date the first monthly payment shall be due I may be required to pay a processing fee and sign a Modification Agreement with Lender converting my loan to a monthly payment loan. I understand that should the payment mode be changed from biweekly to monthly either voluntarily or due to an event of default it will not be reversible.

in the event that my payment mode is changed from biweekly to monthly, interest will be charged thereafter on the basis of a 12 month year and a 30-day month. The interest Rate I will pay will change on the first monthly payment date and on the same day every month thereafter. This revised interest change date will be substituted for the definition of "interest Change Date" included in Section 3(C) above will change to be the date the payment is changed from a biweakly to a monthly payment as described above in this Section 7(C) and on that day every 12 months thereafter.

(D) Notice of Default

If 1 am in default, the Lender may send me a written notice, called "Notice of Default," telling me that if I do not pay the overdue amount by a certain date, the Lender may require me to pay immediately the amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the interest that I dive on that amount, plus any other amounts due under the Security Instrument

(E) No Waiver by Lender

Even if, at a time when i am in default, the Lender does not require me to pay immediately in full or change my loan type from briveekly to monthly at that time as described above, the Lender will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time

(F) Payment of Lender's Costs and Expenses

The Lander will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses may include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me or any Borrower at 2251 CYPRESS AVE, SAN PABLO, CA 94806-105 or at a single afternative address if I give the Lender notice of my afternative address I may give notice to Lender of a change of my address in writing or by calling Lender's customer service telephone number provided on my billing statement. I may designate only one mailing address at a time for notification purposes

Except as permitted above for changes of address, any notice that must be given to the Lender under this Note will be given by mailing it by first class mail to the Lender at 1901 MARRISON STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612, or at a different address if I am given a notice of that different address

9. OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who takes over these obligations is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Lender may enforce its nights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note

10. WAIVERS

I and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of presentment and notice of dishoner "Presentment" means the night to require the Lender to demand payment of amounts due "Notice of Dishonor" means the right to require the Lender to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid

11. SECURED NOTE - ACCELERATION

In addition to the protections given to the Lender under this Note, the Security Instrument dated the same date as this Note gives the Lender security against which it may proceed if I do not keep the promises which I made in this Note. That Security instrument describes how and under what conditions I may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note and includes the following Paragraph 26:

AGREEMENTS ABOUT LENDER'S RIGHTS IF THE PROPERTY IS SOLD OR TRANSFERRED

Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all Sums Secured by this Security instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if any right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. Lender also may, at its option, require immediate payment in full if Borrower is not a natural Person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. However, Lender shall not require immediate payment in full if this is prohibited by Federal Law in effect on the date of the Security inetrument

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in fulli, Lender will give me notice of acceleration. If I fall to pay all Sums Secured by this Security instrument immediately, Lender may then or thereafter invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice to or demand on me

Exception to Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, if the sale or transfer of all or any part of the Property, or of a beneficial interest in Borrower, if Borrower is not a natural Person, is the first one to occur after the date of this Security instrument, Lender will not exercise the option to accelerate payment in full of all Sums Secured and the foan may be assumed if

- Lender receives a completed written application from transferee to evaluate the creditworthiness of transferee as if a new loan were being made to the transferee by Lender,
 - Lender approves the creditworthiness of the transferee in writing.
 - (iii) transferse makes a cash downpayment sufficient to meet Lender's then current underwriting standards.
- (iv) an assumption fee, in an amount to be determined by Lender (but not to exceed 1% of the balance of principal and interest due under the Secured Notes at the time of sale or transfer of the Property or of the interest in the Borrower) is paid to Lender, and
- the transferee executes an assumption agreement which is satisfactory to Lender, such assumption agreement providing for transferee opening a deposit account with Lender, or with a bank or savings and loan which has been approved by Lender, for direct payment as provided in the secured notes

The loan may be assumed under its then existing terms and conditions with one exception, the Lifetime Rate Cap may be changed. The Lifetime Rate Cap shall be changed to an interest rate which is the sum of the interest rate in effect on the date of a sale or transfer of the Property or beneficial interest in Bostower plus 5 percentage points, if that sum exceeds the Lifetime Rate Cap stated in the Secured Notes

SD254E (2004-03-3)

BIWEEKLY ARM Page S

(Page 6 of 7)

0040361222

12. GOVERNING LAW; SEVERABILITY

This Note shall be governed by and construed under federal law and federal rules and regulations including those for federally chartered savings institutions, called "Federal Law." In the event that any of the terms or provisions of this Note are interpreted or construed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be void, invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall affect only those provisions ac construed or interpreted and shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Note

13. CLERICAL ERRORS

in the event the Lender at any time discovers that this Note or the Security instrument or any other document related to this toan, called collectively the "Loan Documents," contains an error which was caused by a clerical mistake, calculation error, computer error, printing error or similar error, I agree, upon notice from the Lender, to reexecute any Loan Documents that are necessary to correct any such error(s) and I also agree that I will not hold the Lender responsible for any damage to me which may result from any such error

14. LOST, STOLEN OR MUTILATED DOCUMENTS

If any of the Loan Documents are lost, stolen, mutilated or destroyed and the Lender delivers to me an indemnification in my favor, signed by the Lender, then I will sign and deliver to the Lender a Loan Document identical in form and content which will have the effect of the original for all purposes

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK; SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS.

SD254F (2004-03-3)

BIWEEKLY ARM Page 8

SIGNATURE PAGE

WITNESS THE HAND(S) AND SEAL(S) OF THE UNDERSIGNED

(PLEASE SIGN YOUR NAME EXACTLY AS IT APPEARS BELOW)

BORROWER(S):

Lat F. Minger	(Seal)	
A Wilma a margin	(Seal)	
WILMA R. MINYEN		
AL F MINYEN AND WILMA R. MINYEN, TRUSTOR(8) MINYEN FAMILY TRUST, DATED MARCH 26, 1998	AND TRUSTEE (S)	of Th
Bl F. minye	(Seal)	
AL F. MINYEN, TRUSTEE		
BY: Wilma R Minyen	(Seal)	
WILMA R. MINYEN, TRUSTEE U		

SD254 (2004-03-1)

[VV16 (2004-03-01)]

WORLD SAVINGS

FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY REGULATION Z

Customer's Name

AL F. MINYEN, ET AL.

Date May 26, 2005 Loan No 0040361222

l	ANNUAL PERCENTAGE	FINANCE CHARGE	Amount Financed	Total of Payments	Total Sale Price
	RATE The cost of your credit as a yearly rate	The dollar ennount the credit wall cost you	The amount of credit provided to you or on your behalf	The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled	The total pince of your purchase on credit including your down payment of Not: Applicable
	5.331 %	\$ 313,680.41	\$336,744.71	\$650,425.12	Not Applicable

Your payment schedule will be:

Number of Payments	Amount of Payments	When Payments are Due: BIWEEKLY beginning on
26	\$591.89	07/04/05
26	636,28	07/03/06
26	684.00	07/02/07
26	735.30	06/30/08
26	790.45	06/29/09
26	849.73	06/28/10
26	913.46	06/27/11
26	981.97	06/25/12
26	1,055.62	06/24/13
417	1,105.79	06/23/14
1.	1,104.49	06/17/30

VARIABLE RATE: THIS LOAN CONTAINS AN ADJUSTABLE RATE FEATURE. SEE THE ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PREVIOUSLY GIVEN TO YOU.

This loan DOES NOT HAVE A DEMAND FEATURE.

You may obtain property insurance from anyone you want who is acceptable to the Lender Insurance

You are giving a security interest in the real property located at 2251 CYPRESS AVE, SAN PABLO, CA Security

94806-1058

Filing Fees 70.00

Late Charge | If a payment is late, you will be charged 5 . 00% of the payment

Prepayment if you pay off the loan early, you WILL NOT have to pay a pensity and you WILL NOT be entitled to a refund of ANY PART OF THE FINANCE CHARGE ALREADY PAID.

Assumption SOMEONE BUYING YOUR HOUSE CAN ASSUME THE REMAINDER OF THE LOAN UNDER CERTAIN TERMS AND CONDITIONS. TERMS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM YOUR ORIGINAL TERMS - SEE YOUR ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

Due on Sale If the property securing the loan is sold or transferred to anyone without first obtaining Lender's written consent, all sums owed could become immediately due and payable. In this event failure to pay all the sums declared due and payable may result in the forced sale of the property

See your Contract documents for additional information about non-payment, default, any required repayment in full before the scheduled date and other important terms and conditions of your loan

By signing below, you acknowledge that you received a copy of this FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE

AL F. MINYEN

GF424A1 (2004-03-1)

DISTRIBUTION

1 COPY-RETURN SIGNED TO LENDER 1 COPY-CUSTOMER

2 COPIES-FILE



LENDER'S USE ONLY

WORLD SAVINGS

FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY REGULATION Z

Customer's Name

AL F. MINYEN, ET AL.

Date May 26, 2005 Loan No 0040361222

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE	FINANCE CHARGE	Amount Financed	Total of Payments	Total Sale Price
RATE The cost of your credit as a yearly rate	The dollar amount the cradit will cost you	The amount of credit provided to you or on your behalf	The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled.	The total price of you purchase on credit including your down payment of Not Applicable
5.331 &	\$ 313,680.41	\$336,744.71	\$650,425.12	Not Applicable

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26	790.45	06/29/09
26	849.73	06/28/10
25	913.46	06/27/11
26	981.97	06/25/12
26	1,055.62	06/24/13
417	1,105.79	06/23/14
1	1,104.49	06/17/30

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94806-1058

Filing Fees 70.00

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Prepayment If you pay off the loan early, you WILL NOT have to pay a penalty and you WILL NOT be entitled to a refund of ANY PART OF THE FINANCE CHARGE ALREADY PAID.

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By signing below, you acknowledge that you received a copy of this FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE

Wilma WILMA R. MINYEN 5-2403

GF424A1 (2004-03-1)

DISTRIBUTION

1 COPY-RETURN SIGNED TO LENDER 1 COPY-CUSTOMER

CA 2 COPIES-FILE



LENDER'S USE ONLY

LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE PICK-A-PAYMENTS™ EQUITY BUILDERS™ LOAN

BIWEEKLY ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE GDW AVERAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT RATE (COST OF SAVINGS) INDEX (COSI)

This disclosure describes in a question-and-answer format important features of the Pick-a-Payment am Equity Builder an Loan Program you are considering. Federal Reserve Regulation Z and the rules and regulations of the federal Office of Thrit Supervision require that World give this disclosure to you. This disclosure is accurate as of the date of printing. However, World reserves the notif to make subsequent changes to it at any time regarding any matter it covers. Such changes may occur because of changes in policy, law or regulation or for any other reason. Some terms of loans on non-owner occupied properties may be different from those described in this disclosure. If you are considering a loan on a non-owner occupied property, please ask a Loan Representative about the differences

WHAT DOES BIWEEKLY MEAN?

The term biweekly means mortgage payments are due every two weeks instead of once a month. Each year there are 26 biweekly payments This is the equivalent of 13 monthly payments

CAN THE INTEREST RATE AND PAYMENT AMOUNT CHANGE?

Yes Movement of an index causes the interest rate and payment amount to change. An index is an independent measure of interest rate activity

WHAT IS THE INDEX?

The index for this loan is the weighted average of the rates of interest on the deposit accounts (sometimes called cost of savings) of the federally insured depository institution subsidiaries of Golden West Financial Corporation ("COSI" or "Index") Golden West Financial Corporation is a holding company iisted on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "GDW" All of the depository institution subsidianes of GDW currently operate under the name World Savings

The COSI consists of the weighted annualized rate of interest in effect on deposit accounts, adjusted for the effects of financial instruments related to deposit accounts and other adjustments determined by GDW in its sole discretion as appropriate to accurately reflect the weighted average of interest rates on the deposit accounts it does not include accounts owned by GDW or its subsidianes.

GDW computes the COSI as of the last day of each calendar month and announces it on or near the last business day prior to the fifteenth day of the following calendar month. For example, GDW announces the February COSI on or near the last business day prior to the fifteenth of March It is in effect until the announcement of the March COSI in April

WHERE CAN I GET INFORMATION ABOUT THE INDEX?

You can get information about the COSI by

- writing to World Savings P O Box 659558 Sen Antonio, Texas 78265-9558 Attn Customer Service, or
- telephoning (800) 642-0257

HOW DOES WORLD DETERMINE INTEREST RATE CHANGES?

World determines interest rate changes by adding an amount (margin) that is fixed for the life of the loan to the current Index. The current index is the most recently announced COSI value available on the date of each interest rate change. Please ask for World's current maroin and interest rate

IS THE INITIAL INTEREST RATE BASED ON THE INDEX PLUS THE MARGIN?

Yes

HOW IS THE INITIAL PAYMENT AMOUNT ESTABLISHED?

You select an initial payment amount from a range of payment amounts provided by World. The range includes a minimum and a maximum initial payment amount. The maximum initial payment will not fully amortize the loan at the initial interest rate. The initial payment amount you select may not be sufficient to pay the full amount of interest due at the initial interest rate. This will cause the loan amount to increase as described below in the section "How Does The Principal Balance Change?" Please ask for the range of initial payments for the toan you are considering. The biweekly payment amount is one-half the amount of a monthly payment for an equivalent 30-year loan

HOW OFTEN CAN THE INTEREST RATE CHANGE?

Bayeakly, beginning on the due date of the second regularly scheduled payment However, since the Index value changes only once each month, some blweekly payment cycles will not involve an interest rate

HOW OFTEN CAN THE PAYMENT CHANGE?

Annually The payment can change every 26 payments beginning with the 27th payment Each date on which the payment may change is a "Payment Change Date "

ARE THERE ANY LIMITS TO THE AMOUNT THE INTEREST RATE MAY CHANGE?

Yea The maximum interest rate limit ("Lifetime Rate Cap") is between 2 000 and 8 000 percentage points over the initial index value plus margin Please ask for World's current Lifetime Rate Cap

LOAN TYPE 227



AD161A (2004-03-3) [A01 (2004-03-3)] BIWEEKLY COSI - PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN

Page 1 of 3

ARE THERE ANY LIMITS TO THE AMOUNT THAT PAYMENTS MAY CHANGE?

Yes The biveekly payment cannot increase ("Payment Cap") more than 7-1/2% each year

However.

- the Payment Cap does not apply on the 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th or final Payment Change Dates
- the Payment Cap does not apply if the principal balance reaches the limits described in the section entitled "How Does the Principal Balance Change?"

HOW DOES WORLD DETERMINE PAYMENT AMOUNT CHANGES?

On each Payment Change Date, World determines a new brweekly payment by performing a calculation according to the steps that follow

- (a) Using the original term of 360 months, the then current balance and interest Rate, compute a monthly payment
- (b) Divide the monthly payment amount determined in step (a) by two
- (c) Using the figure determined in step (b), the then current balance and interest Rate, compute a number of biweekly payments
- (d) Subtract the number of biweekly payments already made from the number of biweekly payments computed in step (c) to determine the number of then remaining biweekly payments
- (e) Using the number of remaining biweekly payments determined in step (d), the then current balance and interest Rate, compute a new biweekly payment
- (f) As applicable, decrease the biweekly payment amount determined in step (e) or increase it to the maximum permitted by the 7-1/2% Payment Cap

HOW DO I MAKE MY BIWEEKLY PAYMENTS?

Loan payments are made through automatic withdrawais from your "Bank Account" at your bank, savings and loan, or other financial institution. Every other Monday, World will automatically debit your Bank Account for the amount of the mortgage payment then due if you do not siready have a Bank Account at a financial institution that is accessible by ACH (automated cleaning house), then it will be necessary for you to open one and provide us with your Bank Account number before your loan closes. Please venty with your financial institution that your Bank Account is accessible by ACH

You are responsible for ensuring that sufficient available funds are on deposit in your Bank Account to cover the amount of your biweekly mortgage payment if there are ensufficient available funds, your loan payment will not be made it will be necessary for you to make the payment within 15 days after it was due by mailing it to an address specified by World

Your Bank Account must remain open during the entire term of your biweekly loan

UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES COULD THIS LOAN CONVERT TO A MONTHLY PAYMENT LOAN?

If there are two occasions in any 12-month period of insufficient available funds in your Bank Account to cover your biweekly mortgage payment when due or a total of four such occasions during the life of your loan, World will have a right, but not a duty, to convert your biweekly payment loan to a monthly payment loan without any prior notice. If this occurs, World may charge you our then current conversion fee and will send you notice of your new monthly payment amount and due date after the

If World converts your biweekly losn to a monthly payment loan, your new monthly payment will not automatically be withdrawn from your Bank Account

HOW WOULD WORLD CALCULATE MY MONTHLY PAYMENT AFTER CONVERSION?

If your loan converted from byeekly to monthly payments, World would calculate a monthly payment sufficient to repay your then unpaid principal balance at the interest rate then in effect in substantially equal monthly installments over the remaining term of the loan

The Payment Cap would not apply at the time your loan converted to monthly payments. The monthly payment would be subject to annual changes based on changes in the interest rate as previously described in this disclosure

HOW DOES THE PRINCIPAL BALANCE CHANGE?

The principal balance (loan amount) can change biweekly

When the bareekly payment is more than sufficient to pay the full amount of interest due. World subtracts the amount that exceeds the interest due from the orincipal balance, resulting in a principal reduction

At various times during the life of your loan the biweekly payment may not be sufficient to pay the full amount of interest due. This can occur if the initial payment amount that you select is less than the full amount interest due. This can also result from increases in the interest rate prior to the Payment Change Date or from a baveakly payment that did not increase sufficiently to pay the full amount of interest due, because of the 7-1/2% Payment Cap

if the biweekly payment is not sufficient to pay the full amount of interest due, World adds this accrued but unpaid interest, called Deferred interest, to the unpaid principal balance of the loan. Until repaid. Deferred Interest bears interest at the interest rate of the loan

The principal balance may never exceed

- ... 125% of the original principal balance amount for a loan that had an ongmal loan amount of 85% or less of the property's appraised value or sales price (whichever is less), or
- 110% of the original principal balance amount for a loan that had an original loan amount greater than 85% of the property's appraised value or sales price (whichever is less)

If Deferred interest caused the principal balance to reach these limits. World would immediately increase the payment without regard to the Payment Cap The increased payment would pay off the loan at the then current interest rate over the remaining term

WHAT ARE THE INITIAL AND MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES AND PAYMENTS FOR A \$10,000 LOAN ORIGINATED IN SEPTEMBER OF 20042

Maximum payment and year in Indial payment which maximum selected * payment occurs ** \$18 36 370 46 3rd vear Minimum initial payment Meximum initial payment \$25 67 \$7214 4th year

- The initial interest rate in the examples is 4 610%, which reflects an Index value of 1 910% plus a margin of 2 700%. Your initial interest rate may be different
- * The maximum interest rate in these examples is 12 610%, which reflects a Lifetime Rate Cap of 8 000% over the initial index value plus margen Your Lifetime Rate Cap may be different

Your breekly payment can increase or decrease substantially based on changes in the interest rate

HOW CAN I CALCULATE THE INITIAL PAYMENT FOR THE AMOUNT I PLAN TO BORROW?

To see what the initial payments would be

- step 1 divide the amount you plan to borrow by \$10,000, and then
- step 2 multiply the resulting amount by the payment shown under the "Initial payment selected" column of the immediately pravious question

For example,

the biweekly payment for a loan amount of \$120,000 would be

step 1 \$120,000 - \$10,000 = 12

12 X \$18 36 = \$220,32 (minimum initial payment) step 2

12 X \$25 67 = \$308.04 (maximum initial payment)

WHEN WILL I RECEIVE NOTICES OF CHANGES TO THE LOAN? WHAT INFORMATION WILL THEY INCLUDE?

World sends a written notice at least 25 days before each Payment Change Date The notice includes information about the payment amount, interest rate and loan balance changes

DOES THIS LOAN HAVE AN ASSUMPTION/DUE-ON-SALE PROVISION?

If at origination your loan is not secured by additional non-real estate collateral, World will give written approval for a transfer (assumption) and the buyer (transferee) may assume your loan at its current interest rate provided

- 1) the buyer meets World's then current credit standards
- 2) the buyer makes a cash downpayment sufficient to meet World's then current underwriting standards,
- 3) World receives an assumption fee,
- 4) no previous transfer of the property has occurred since the onginal date of the loan.
- 5) you and the buyer sign all required assumption documents, and
- 6) the buyer has an ACH Bank Account, as described in the section entitled "How Do I Make My Biweekly Payments?"

The buyer might not receive the same Lifetime Rate Cap that you originally did. The buyer could receive a higher Lifetime Rate Cap based on then current market conditions

If the loan program you are considering requires additional non-real estate colleteral at the time of origination, the loan will not be assumable You will receive additional information that will explain the loan program ın greater detail

Under certain circumstances, World could declare the entire outstanding loan amount immediately due and payable. Failure to pay could then result in the forced sale of the property securing the loan. This could oocur.

- If there is more than one sale or transfer of the property, or
- if you sell or transfer the property to anyone without obtaining World's pnor written consent

DOES THIS LOAN HAVE A PREPAYMENT CHARGE PROVISION?

Some loan programs have a provision that requires that you pay a fee (a prepayment charge) if you make certain payments of principal before they are due (prepayments). Be sure to ask whether the loan program you are considering has a prepayment charge provision

if the loan program you are considering does have a prepayment charge provision, you will receive several documents during the processing of your loan that explain the prepayment charge in detail

HOW CAN I GET INFORMATION ABOUT WORLD'S OTHER LOAN PROGRAMS?

A Loan Representative will be happy to answer any questions you have and provide you with disclosures for other adjustable rate loan programs

IMPORTANT - SIGNATURE

I have received a copy of this disclosure describing the Pick-a-Payment Equity Builder Loan Program. I understand that this disclosure is neither a commitment to make a loan nor a binding contract. The complete contractual terms and conditions of the loan are in the Note, Security Instrument, Modification(s) and Rider(s), if any

Property Address

5/26/65

Date

Please return a signed copy of this disclosure to World and retain a copy for your records.

AD161C (2004-03-3) [C01 (2004-03-3)] BIMEEKLY COSI - PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN Page 3 of 3

LOAN TYPE 227

Exhibit No. 4

WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB

ADJUSTABLE RATE MORTGAGE NOTE PICK-A-PAYMENT LOAN

GDW AVERAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNT RATE (COST OF SAVINGS) INDEX

THIS NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN MY INTEREST RATE, MY MONTHLY PAYMENT AND MY UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE. MY MONTHLY PAYMENT INCREASES, MY INTEREST RATE INCREASES AND MY PRINCIPAL BALANCE INCREASES ARE LIMITED. THIS NOTE IS SECURED BY A SECURITY INSTRUMENT OF THE SAME DATE.

LOAN NUMBER: 0040509770

DATE: June 24, 2005

BORROWER(S): MARK CLAUSON AND CHRISTINA CLAUSON, HUSBAND AND WIFE sometimes called "Borrower" and sometimes simply called "I" or "me."

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 9342 KASCHUBE WAY, SANTEE, CA 92071-2227

1. BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY

In return for a loan that I have received, I promise to pay U.S. \$390,400.00, called "Principal," plus interest, to the order of the Lender. The Lender is WORLD SAVINGS BANK, FSB, a FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK, ITS SUCCESSORS AND/OR ASSIGNEES, or anyone to whom this Note is transferred.

2. INTEREST

(A) Interest Rate

Interest will be charged on unpaid Principal until the full amount of Principal has been paid. I will pay interest at the yearly rate of 5.320%. The interest rate I will pay may change as described in this Section 2. Interest will be charged on the basis of a twelve month year and a thirty day month.

The interest rate required by this Section 2 is the rate I will pay both before and after any default described in Section 7(B) of this Note.

(B) Interest Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the 15th day of August, 2005 and on the same day every month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called an "interest Change Date." The new rate of interest will become effective on each interest Change Date.

(C) Interest Rate Limit

My lifetime maximum interest rate limit is 11.950%, called "Lifetime Rate Cap."

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LENDER'S USE ONLY

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SD253A (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

Page 1

(D) Index

Beginning with the first Interest Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an "Index." The Index is the weighted average of the interest rates in effect as of the last day of each calendar month on the deposit accounts of the federally insured depository institution subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") of Golden West Financial Corporation ("GDW"), as made available by GDW. Included in the deposit accounts for purposes of the Index calculation are all of the items and adjustments that GDW uses to calculate the line item currently called "cost of deposits" that appears in its quarterly and annual reports to shareholders as well as in other financial reports publicly distributed by GDW. The Index does not include deposit accounts owned by GDW or its Subsidiaries or other affiliates. The calculation of the Index includes adjustments for the effects of financial instruments related to the deposit accounts and other adjustments determined by GDW in its sole discretion as appropriate to accurately reflect the weighted average of interest rates on the deposit accounts. If an index is substituted as described in Section 2(F) of this Note, the alternative index will become the Index. The most recent Index figure available on each Interest Change Date is called the "Current Index."

(E) Calculation of Interest Rate Changes

Lender will calculate my new interest rate by adding 2.800 percentage points, called the "Margin," to the Current Index. Subject to the limit stated in Section 2(C) above, the result of this calculation will be my new interest rate until the next interest Change Date.

If Lender fails to utilize the entire interest rate increase to which it is entitled under this Note on any Interest Change Date by failing to add all or part of the allowable Margin to the Current Index, then Lender may add any such allowable Margin to the Current Index on any future Interest Change Date. Lender may not, at a later date, "carryover" or add interest to which it is not entitled under this Note on any Interest Change Date.

(F) Alternative Index

The Lender may choose an alternative index to be the Index if the Index is no longer available. For purposes of this Section 2(F) the Index is not "available" if: (a) the Index is for any reason no longer published; or (b) the Lender, in its sole discretion, determines that the Index is calculated in a substantially different manner or based on substantially different information than at the time the Index became applicable to this Note; or (c) applicable laws or regulations prevent the Lender from using the Index to calculate interest under this Note. The selection of the alternative index shall be at Lender's sole discretion. The alternative index may be a national or regional index or another type of index approved by the Lender's primary regulator. The Lender will give me notice of the alternative index.

3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payments

I will pay Principal and interest by making payments every month.

1 will make my monthly payments on the 15th day of each month beginning on August 15, 2005. I will make these payments every month until I have paid (i) all the Principal and interest; and (ii) any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note; and (iii) any charges that may be due under the Security Instrument. If, on July 15, 2035, I still owe amounts under this Note, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will make my monthly payments at 1901 HARRISON STREET, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612 or at a different place if required by notice from the Lender.

(B) Amount of My Initial Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 1,433.26. This amount will change as described in Sections 3(C) and 3(D) below. My initial monthly payment amount was selected by me from a range of initial payment amounts approved by Lender and may not be sufficient to pay the entire amount of interest accruing on the unpaid Principal balance.

(C) Payment Change Dates

My monthly payment will change as required by Section 3(D) below beginning on the **15th** day of **August**, **2006** and on that day every **12th** month thereafter. Each of these dates is called a "Payment Change Date." My monthly payment will also change at any time Section 3(F) or 3(G) below requires me to pay a different amount.

I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment each month beginning on each Payment Change Date and as provided in Section 3(F) or 3(G) below.

(D) Calculation of Payment Changes

Subject to Sections 3(F) and 3(G), on the Payment Change Date my monthly payment may be changed to an amount sufficient to pay the unpaid principal balance, including any deferred interest as described in Section 3(E) below, by the Maturity Date. However, the amount by which my payment can be increased will not be more than 7-1/2% of the then existing Principal and interest payment. This 7-1/2% limitation is called the "Payment Cap." The Lender will perform this Payment Change calculation at least 60 but not more than 90 days before the Payment Change Date.

SD253B (2004-03-1) [B01 (2004-03-1)]

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

(E) Deferred Interest; Additions to My Unpaid Principal

From time to time, my monthly payments may be insufficient to pay the total amount of monthly interest that is due. If this occurs, the amount of interest that is not paid each month, called "Deferred Interest," will be added to my Principal and will accrue interest at the same rate as the Principal.

(F) Limit on My Unpaid Principal; Increased Monthly Payment

My unpaid principal balance can never exceed 125% of the Principal I originally borrowed, called "Principal Balance Cap." If, as a result of the addition of deferred interest to my unpaid principal balance, the Principal Balance Cap limitation would be exceeded on the date that my monthly payment is due, I will instead pay a new monthly payment. Notwithstanding Sections 3(C) and 3(D) above, I will pay a new monthly payment which is equal to an amount that will be sufficient to repay my then unpaid principal balance in full on the Maturity Date at the interest rate then in effect, in substantially equal payments.

(G) Payment Cap Limitation; Exceptions

Beginning with the **10th** Payment Change Date and every 5th Payment Change Date thereafter, my monthly payment will be calculated as described in Section 3(D) above except that the Payment Cap limitation will not apply additionally, the Payment Cap limitation will not apply on the final Payment Change Date.

(H) Notice of Payment Changes

The Lender will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in the amount of my monthly payment, called "Payment Change Notice," before each Payment Change Date. The Payment Change Notice will include information required by law.

4. FAILURE TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS

If for any reason Lender fails to make an adjustment to the interest rate or payment amount as described in this Note, regardless of any notice requirement, I agree that Lender may, upon discovery of such failure, then make the adjustments as if they had been made on time. I also agree not to hold Lender responsible for any damages to me which may result from Lender's failure to make the adjustment and to let the Lender, at its option, apply any excess monies which I may have paid to partial prepayment of unpaid Principal.

6. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal before it is due is called a "Prepayment". When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Lender in writing that I am doing so. I may make a full Prepayment or partial Prepayment without paying any prepayment charge. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates or amounts of my payments unless the Lender agrees in writing to those changes. My partial Prepayment may reduce the amount of my payments after the first Payment Change Date following my partial Prepayment.

6. MAXIMUM LOAN CHARGES

If a law, which applies to this loan and which sets maximum loan charges, is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with this loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (ii) any sums already collected from me which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to me. The Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the Principal I owe under this Note or by making a direct payment to me. If a refund reduces Principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial Prepayment.

7. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY AS REQUIRED

(A) Late Charges for Overdue Payments

If the Lender has not received the full amount of any monthly payment by the end of 15 calendar days after the date it is due, I will pay a late charge to the Lender. The amount of the charge will be 5.00% of my overdue payment of Principal and interest. I will pay this late charge promptly but only once on each late payment.

SD253C (2004-03-1) ADJUSTABLE NOTE CA

(B) Default

I will be in default if (i) I do not pay the full amount of each monthly payment on the date it is due; or (ii) I fail to perform any of my promises or agreements under this Note or the Security Instrument; or (iii) any statement made in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading or if any statement in my application for this loan was materially false or misleading by reason of my omission of certain facts; or (iv) I have made any other statement to Lender in connection with this loan that is materially false or misleading.

(C) Notice of Default

If I am in default, the Lender may send me a written notice, called "Notice of Default," telling me that if I do not pay the overdue amount by a certain date, the Lender may require me to pay immediately the amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the interest that I owe on that amount, plus any other amounts due under the Security Instrument.

(D) No Waiver by Lender

Even if, at a time when I am in default, the Lender does not require me to pay immediately in full as described above, the Lender will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time.

(E) Payment of Lender's Costs and Expenses

The Lender will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses may include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me or any Borrower at 9342 KASCHUBE WAY, SANTEE, CA 92071—222, or at a single alternative address if I give the Lender notice of my alternative address. I may give notice to Lender of a change in my address in writing or by calling Lender's customer service telephone number provided on my billing statement. I may designate only one mailing address at a time for notification purposes.

Except as permitted above for changes of address, any notice that must be given to the Lender under this Note will be given by mailing it by first class mail to the Lender at the address stated in Section 3(A) above or at a different address if I am given a notice of that different address.

9. OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who takes over these obligations is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Lender may enforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

10. WAIVERS

I and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of presentment and notice of dishonor. "Presentment" means the right to require the Lender to demand payment of amounts due. "Notice of Dishonor" means the right to require the Lender to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid.

11. SECURED NOTE - ACCELERATION

In addition to the protections given to the Lender under this Note, the Security instrument dated the same date as this Note gives the Lender security against which it may proceed if I do not keep the promises which I made in this Note. That Security instrument describes how and under what conditions I may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note and includes the following Paragraph 26:

AGREEMENTS ABOUT LENDER'S RIGHTS IF THE PROPERTY IS SOLD OR TRANSFERRED

Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if any right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. Lender also may, at its option, require immediate payment in full if Borrower is not a natural Person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission. However, Lender shall not require immediate payment in full if this is prohibited by Federal Law in effect on the date of the Security Instrument.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender will give me notice of acceleration. If I fail to pay all Sums Secured by this Security Instrument immediately, Lender may then or thereafter invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice to or demand on me.

SD253D (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE

Exception to Acceleration of Payment of Sums Secured, If the sale or transfer of all or any part of the Property, or of a beneficial interest in Borrower, if Borrower is not a natural Person, is the first one to occur after the date of this Security Instrument, Lender will not exercise the option to accelerate payment in full of all Sums Secured and the loan may be assumed if:

- (i) Lender receives a completed written application from transferee to evaluate the creditworthiness of transferee as if a new loan were being made to the transferee by Lender;
 - (ii) Lender approves the creditworthiness of the transferee in writing;
 - (iii) transferee makes a cash downpayment sufficient to meet Lender's then current underwriting standards;
- (iv) an assumption fee, in an amount to be determined by Lender (but not to exceed 1% of the balance of Principal and interest due under the Secured Notes at the time of sale or transfer of the Property or of the interest in the Borrower) is paid to Lender; and
 - (v) the transferee executes an assumption agreement which is satisfactory to Lender.

The loan may be assumed under its then existing terms and conditions with one exception; the Lifetime Rate Cap may be changed. The Lifetime Rate Cap shall be changed to an interest rate which is the sum of the interest rate in effect on the date of a sale or transfer of the Property or beneficial interest in Borrower plus 5 percentage points, if that sum exceeds the Lifetime Rate Cap stated in the Secured Notes.

12. GOVERNING LAW; SEVERABILITY

This Note shall be governed by and construed under federal law and federal rules and regulations including those for federally chartered savings institutions, called "Federal Law." In the event that any of the terms or provisions of this Note are interpreted or construed by a court of competent jurisdiction to be void, invalid or unenforceable, such decision shall affect only those provisions so construed or interpreted and shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Note.

13. CLERICAL ERRORS

In the event the Lender at any time discovers that this Note or the Security Instrument or any other document related to this loan, called collectively the "Loan Documents," contains an error which was caused by a clerical mistake, calculation error, computer error, printing error or similar error, I agree, upon notice from the Lender, to reexecute any Loan Documents that are necessary to correct any such error(s) and I also agree that I will not hold the Lender responsible for any damage to me which may result from any such error.

14. LOST, STOLEN OR MUTILATED DOCUMENTS

If any of the Loan Documents are lost, stolen, mutilated or destroyed and the Lender delivers to me an indemnification in my favor, signed by the Lender, then I will sign and deliver to the Lender a Loan Document identical in form and content which will have the effect of the original for all purposes.

THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK; SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS.

SD253E (2004-03-1)

ADJUSTABLE NOTE Page 5

SIGNATURE PAGE

WITNESS THE HAND(S) AND SEAL(S) OF THE UNDERSIGNED

(PLEASE SIGN YOUR NAME EXACTLY AS IT APPEARS BELOW)

BORROWER(S):

	(Seal)
MARK CLAUSON	
	(Seal)
CHRISTINA CLAUSON	in the transfer of the oblique and the ingress of t

SD253 (2004-03-1)

[W15 (2004-03-01)]

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WORLD SAVINGS

FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY REGULATION Z

Customer's Name:

MARK CLAUSON, ET AL.

Date: June 9, 2005 Loan No.: 0040509770

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE	FINANCE CHARGE	Amount Financed	Total of Payments	Total Sale Price
The cost of your credit as a yearly rate.	The dollar amount the credit will cost you.	The amount of credit provided to you or on your behalf.	The amount you will have paid after you have made all payments as scheduled.	The total price of your purchase on credit including your down payment of
			ii	Not Applicable
5.469%	\$439,862.99	\$ 381,190.96	\$ 821,053.95	Not Applicable

Number of Payments	Amount of Payments	When Payments are Due: MONTHLY beginning on
12	\$ 1,431.79	09/01/05
12	1,539.17	09/01/06
12	1,654.61	09/01/07
12	1,778.71	09/01/08
12	1,912.11	09/01/09
12	2,055.52	09/01/10
12	2,209.68	09/01/11
12	2,375.41	09/01/12
263	2,430.19	09/01/13
1	2,429.98	08/01/35

VARIABLE RATE: THIS LOAN CONTAINS AN ADJUSTABLE RATE FEATURE. SEE THE ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PREVIOUSLY GIVEN TO YOU.

This loan DOES NOT HAVE A DEMAND FRATURE.

Insurance: You may obtain property insurance from anyone you want who is acceptable to the Lender.

Security: You are giving a security interest in the real property located at 9342 KASCHUBE WAY, SANTEE, CA

92071-2227.

Filing Fees: \$ 75.00

Late Charge: If a payment is late, you will be charged 5 . 00% of the payment.

Prepayment: If you pay off the loan early, you WILL NOT have to pay a penalty and you WILL NOT be entitled to a refund of

ANY PART OF THE FINANCE CHARGE ALREADY PAID.

SOMEONE BUYING YOUR HOUSE CAN ASSUME THE REMAINDER OF THE LOAN UNDER CERTAIN Assumption:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS. TERMS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM YOUR ORIGINAL TERMS - SEE

YOUR ADJUSTABLE LOAN PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.

Due on Sale: If the property securing the loan is sold or transferred to anyone without first obtaining Lender's written consent, all sums owed could become immediately due and payable. In this event failure to pay all the sums declared due and

payable may result in the forced sale of the property.

See your Contract documents for additional information about non-payment, default, any required repayment in full before the scheduled date and other important terms and conditions of your loan.

ALL NUMERICAL DISCLOSURES EXCEPT THE LATE PAYMENT DISCLOSURE ARE ESTIMATED.

By signing below, you acknowledge that you received a copy of this FEDERAL TRUTH IN LENDING DISCLOSURE.

MARK CLAUSON

GF004A1 (2004-03-1) UPFRONT

DISTRIBUTION: 1 COPY-RETURN SIGNED TO LENDER 1 COPY-CUSTOMER

6-13-05

CA 2 COPIES-FILE



LENDER'S USE ONLY